

ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL No. 1359

DIGEST OF HB 1359 (Updated February 14, 2008 12:51 pm - DI 110)

Citations Affected: IC 4-22; IC 24-4.5; IC 24-7; IC 28-1; IC 28-2; IC 28-5; IC 28-6.2; IC 28-7; IC 28-8; IC 28-10; IC 28-11; IC 28-13.

Synopsis: Various financial institutions matters. Makes various changes to the laws concerning: (1) financial institutions; and (2) persons licensed under the Uniform Consumer Credit Code. Repeals certain provisions concerning the regulation of money transmitters.

Effective: July 1, 2008.

Bardon, Burton, Ripley, Summers

(SENATE SPONSORS — PAUL, SIMPSON)

January 16, 2008, read first time and referred to Committee on Financial Institutions. January 24, 2008, amended, reported — Do Pass. January 28, 2008, read second time, amended, ordered engrossed. January 29, 2008, engrossed. January 30, 2008, read third time, passed. Yeas 94, nays 0.

SENATE ACTION

February 5, 2008, read first time and referred to Committee on Insurance and Financial Institutions.
February 18, 2008, amended, reported favorably — Do Pass.











Second Regular Session 115th General Assembly (2008)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2007 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL No. 1359

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning financial institutions.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

SECTION 1. IC 4-22-2-37.1, AS AMENDED BY HEA 1137-2008,
SECTION 9, AND AS AMENDED BY SEA 190-2008, SECTION 17,
IS CORRECTED AND AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 37.1. (a) This section applies to a
rulemaking action resulting in any of the following rules:

- (1) An order adopted by the commissioner of the Indiana department of transportation under IC 9-20-1-3(d) or IC 9-21-4-7(a) and designated by the commissioner as an emergency rule.
- (2) An action taken by the director of the department of natural resources under IC 14-22-2-6(d) or IC 14-22-6-13.
- (3) An emergency temporary standard adopted by the occupational safety standards commission under IC 22-8-1.1-16.1.
- (4) An emergency rule adopted by the solid waste management board under IC 13-22-2-3 and classifying a waste as hazardous.
- (5) A rule, other than a rule described in subdivision (6), adopted

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1	by the department of financial institutions under IC 24-4.5-6-107
2	and declared necessary to meet an emergency.
3	(6) A rule required under IC 24-4.5-1-106 that is adopted by the
4	department of financial institutions and declared necessary to
5	meet an emergency under IC 24-4.5-6-107.
6	(7) A rule adopted by the Indiana utility regulatory commission to
7	address an emergency under IC 8-1-2-113.
8	(8) An emergency rule adopted by the state lottery commission
9	under IC 4-30-3-9.
10	(9) A rule adopted under IC 16-19-3-5 that the executive board of
11	the state department of health declares is necessary to meet an
12	emergency.
13	(10) An emergency rule adopted by the Indiana finance authority
14	under IC 8-21-12.
15	(11) An emergency rule adopted by the insurance commissioner
16	under IC 27-1-23-7.
17	(12) An emergency rule adopted by the Indiana horse racing
18	commission under IC 4-31-3-9.
19	(13) An emergency rule adopted by the air pollution control
20	board, the solid waste management board, or the water pollution
21	control board under IC 13-15-4-10(4) or to comply with a
22	deadline required by or other date provided by federal law,
23	provided:
24	(A) the variance procedures are included in the rules; and
25	(B) permits or licenses granted during the period the
26	emergency rule is in effect are reviewed after the emergency
27	rule expires.
28	(14) An emergency rule adopted by the Indiana election
29	commission under IC 3-6-4.1-14.
30	(15) An emergency rule adopted by the department of natural
31	resources under IC 14-10-2-5.
32	(16) An emergency rule adopted by the Indiana gaming
33	commission under IC 4-32.2-3-3(b), IC 4-33-4-2, IC 4-33-4-3, <i>or</i>
34	IC 4-33-4-14, or IC 4-35-4-2.
35	(17) An emergency rule adopted by the alcohol and tobacco
36	commission under IC 7.1-3-17.5, IC 7.1-3-17.7, or
37	IC 7.1-3-20-24.4.
38	(18) An emergency rule adopted by the department of financial
39	institutions under IC 28-15-11.
40	(19) An emergency rule adopted by the office of the secretary of
41	family and social services under IC 12-8-1-12.
42	(20) An emergency rule adopted by the office of the children's



1	health insurance program under IC 12-17.6-2-11.
2	(21) An emergency rule adopted by the office of Medicaid policy
3	and planning under IC 12-15-41-15. or IC 12-15-44-19(b).
4	(22) An emergency rule adopted by the Indiana state board of
5	animal health under IC 15-2.1-18-21. IC 15-17-10-9.
6	(23) An emergency rule adopted by the board of directors of the
7	Indiana education savings authority under IC 21-9-4-7.
8	(24) An emergency rule adopted by the Indiana board of tax
9	review under IC 6-1.1-4-34 (repealed).
10	(25) An emergency rule adopted by the department of local
11	government finance under IC 6-1.1-4-33 (repealed).
12	(26) An emergency rule adopted by the boiler and pressure vessel
13	rules board under IC 22-13-2-8(c).
14	(27) An emergency rule adopted by the Indiana board of tax
15	review under IC 6-1.1-4-37(1) (repealed) or an emergency rule
16	adopted by the department of local government finance under
17	IC 6-1.1-4-36(j) (repealed) or IC 6-1.1-22.5-20.
18	(28) An emergency rule adopted by the board of the Indiana
19	economic development corporation under IC 5-28-5-8.
20	(29) A rule adopted by the department of financial institutions
21	under IC 34-55-10-2.5.
22	(30) A rule adopted by the Indiana finance authority:
23	(A) under IC 8-15.5-7 approving user fees (as defined in
24	IC 8-15.5-2-10) provided for in a public-private agreement
25	under IC 8-15.5;
26	(B) under IC 8-15-2-17.2(a)(10):
27	(i) establishing enforcement procedures; and
28	(ii) making assessments for failure to pay required tolls;
29	(C) under IC 8-15-2-14(a)(3) authorizing the use of and
30	establishing procedures for the implementation of the
31	collection of user fees by electronic or other nonmanual
32	means; or
33	(D) to make other changes to existing rules related to a toll
34	road project to accommodate the provisions of a public-private
35	agreement under IC 8-15.5.
36	(31) An emergency rule adopted by the board of the Indiana
37	health informatics corporation under IC 5-31-5-8.
38	(b) The following do not apply to rules described in subsection (a):
39	(1) Sections 24 through 36 of this chapter.
40	(2) IC 13-14-9.
41	(c) After a rule described in subsection (a) has been adopted by the
42	agency, the agency shall submit the rule to the publisher for the



assignment of a document control number. The agency shall submit the
rule in the form required by section 20 of this chapter and with the
documents required by section 21 of this chapter. The publisher shall
determine the format of the rule and other documents to be submitted
under this subsection.
(d) After the document control number has been assigned, the
agency shall submit the rule to the publisher for filing. The agency
shall submit the rule in the form required by section 20 of this chapter

- agency shall submit the rule to the publisher for filing. The agency shall submit the rule in the form required by section 20 of this chapter and with the documents required by section 21 of this chapter. The publisher shall determine the format of the rule and other documents to be submitted under this subsection.
 - (e) Subject to section 39 of this chapter, the publisher shall:
 - (1) accept the rule for filing; and
 - (2) electronically record the date and time that the rule is accepted.
- (f) A rule described in subsection (a) takes effect on the latest of the following dates:
 - (1) The effective date of the statute delegating authority to the agency to adopt the rule.
 - (2) The date and time that the rule is accepted for filing under subsection (e).
 - (3) The effective date stated by the adopting agency in the rule.
 - (4) The date of compliance with every requirement established by law as a prerequisite to the adoption or effectiveness of the rule.
- (g) Subject to subsection (h), IC 14-10-2-5, IC 14-22-2-6, IC 22-8-1.1-16.1, and IC 22-13-2-8(c), and except as provided in subsections (j), (k), and (l), a rule adopted under this section expires not later than ninety (90) days after the rule is accepted for filing under subsection (e). Except for a rule adopted under subsection (a)(13), (a)(24), (a)(25), or (a)(27), the rule may be extended by adopting another rule under this section, but only for one (1) extension period. The extension period for a rule adopted under subsection (a)(28) may not exceed the period for which the original rule was in effect. A rule adopted under subsection (a)(13) may be extended for two (2) extension periods. Subject to subsection (j), a rule adopted under subsection (a)(24), (a)(25), or (a)(27) may be extended for an unlimited number of extension periods. Except for a rule adopted under subsection (a)(13), for a rule adopted under this section to be effective after one (1) extension period, the rule must be adopted under:
 - (1) sections 24 through 36 of this chapter; or
- (2) IC 13-14-9;
 - as applicable.



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1	(h) A rule described in subsection $\frac{(a)(6)}{(a)(8)}$, $(a)(8)$, $(a)(12)$, or $(a)(29)$
2	expires on the earlier of the following dates:
3	(1) The expiration date stated by the adopting agency in the rule.
4	(2) The date that the rule is amended or repealed by a later rule
5	adopted under sections 24 through 36 of this chapter or this
6	section.
7	(i) This section may not be used to readopt a rule under IC 4-22-2.5.
8	(j) A rule described in subsection (a)(24) or (a)(25) expires not later
9	than January 1, 2006.
10	(k) A rule described in subsection (a)(28) expires on the expiration
11	date stated by the board of the Indiana economic development
12	corporation in the rule.
13	(1) A rule described in subsection (a)(30) expires on the expiration
14	date stated by the Indiana finance authority in the rule.
15	(m) A rule described in subsection (a)(5) or (a)(6) expires on the
16	date the department is next required to issue a rule under the
17	statute authorizing or requiring the rule.
18	SECTION 2. IC 24-4.5-1-102, AS AMENDED BY P.L.217-2007,
19	SECTION 4, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
20	JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 102. Purposes; Rules of Construction—(1) This
21	article shall be liberally construed and applied to promote its
22	underlying purposes and policies.
23	(2) The underlying purposes and policies of this article are:
24	(a) to simplify, clarify, and modernize the law governing retail
25	installment sales, consumer credit, small loans, and usury;
26	(b) to provide rate ceilings to assure an adequate supply of credit
27	to consumers;
28	(c) to further consumer understanding of the terms of credit
29	transactions and to foster competition among suppliers of
30	consumer credit so that consumers may obtain credit at
31	reasonable cost;
32	(d) to protect consumer buyers, lessees, and borrowers against
33	unfair practices by some suppliers of consumer credit, having due
34	regard for the interests of legitimate and scrupulous creditors;
35	(e) to permit and encourage the development of fair and
36	economically sound consumer credit practices;
37	(f) to conform the regulation of consumer credit transactions to
38	the policies of the Federal Consumer Credit Protection Act; and
39	(g) to make uniform the law including administrative rules among
40	the various jurisdictions.
41	(3) A reference to a requirement imposed by this article includes

reference to a related rule of the department adopted pursuant to this



1	article.
2	(4) A reference to a federal law in IC 24-4.5 is a reference to the law
3	in effect December 31, 2006. 2007.
4	(5) This article applies to a transaction if the director
5	determines that the transaction:
6	(a) is in substance a disguised consumer credit transaction; or
7	(b) involves the application of subterfuge for the purpose of
8	avoiding this article.
9	A determination by the director under this paragraph must be in
10	writing and shall be delivered to all parties to the transaction.
11	IC 4-21.5-3 applies to a determination made under this paragraph.
12	SECTION 3. IC 24-4.5-1-201, AS AMENDED BY P.L.217-2007,
13	SECTION 5, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
14	JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 201. (1) Except as otherwise provided in this
15	section, this article applies to sales, leases, and loans made in this state
16	and to modifications, including refinancings, consolidations, and
17	deferrals, made in this state, of sales, leases, and loans, wherever made.
18	For purposes of this article, the following apply:
19	(a) A sale or modification of a sale agreement is made in this state
20	if the buyer's agreement or offer to purchase or to modify is
21	received by the seller or a person acting on behalf of the seller in
22	this state.
23	(b) A lease or modification of a lease agreement is made in this
24	state if the lessee's agreement or offer to lease or to modify is
25	received by the lessor or a person acting on behalf of the lessor in
26	this state.
27	(c) A loan or modification of a loan agreement is made in this
28	state if a writing signed by the debtor and evidencing the debt is
29	received by the lender or a person acting on behalf of the lender
30	in this state.
31	(d) Except as provided in subdivision (e), a sale, lease, or loan
32	transaction occurs in Indiana if a consumer who is a resident of
33	Indiana enters into a consumer sale, lease, or loan transaction with
34	a creditor or a person acting on behalf of the creditor in
35	another state and the creditor or the person acting on behalf of
36	the creditor has advertised or solicited sales, leases, or loans in
37	Indiana by any means, including by mail, brochure, telephone,
38	print, radio, television, the Internet, or electronic means.
39	However, during the period beginning July 1, 2007, and ending
40	June 30, 2009, this subdivision does not apply to an affiliate or a
41	subsidiary of a financial corporation issued a certificate of
42	authority to operate as an industrial loan and investment company



1	under IC 28-5 if all of the following apply:
2	(i) The industrial loan and investment company notifies the
3	department in writing that an affiliate or a subsidiary of the
4	industrial loan and investment company engages or plans to
5	engage in activity involving Indiana residents at an out of state
6	location. The notification required by this clause must list all
7	states other than Indiana in which consumer loans may be
8	made and must describe the nature of the proposed
9	transactions.
10	(ii) The industrial loan and investment company provides
11	written consent allowing the department to consult with and
12	review information provided by other state regulators, as may
13	be requested by the department, concerning the activities
14	identified in clause (i) of any affiliate or subsidiary engaging
15	in consumer lending to Indiana residents in the states
16	identified under clause (i).
17	(iii) The industrial loan and investment company provides
18	written consent allowing the department to inspect or examine
19	all out of state locations in which an affiliate or a subsidiary of
20	the industrial loan and investment company engages in the
21	activities identified under clause (i) for the purpose of
22	investigating the affiliate's or subsidiary's consumer lending
23	practices involving Indiana residents. An inspection or
24	examination performed by the department under this clause is
25	subject to the schedule of fees established by the department
26	under IC 28-11-3-5.
27	(e) A sale, lease, or loan transaction does not occur in Indiana
28	if a consumer who is a resident of Indiana enters into a
29	consumer sale, lease, or loan transaction secured by an
30	interest in land located outside Indiana.
31	For purposes of subdivisions (a) through (c), an offer is received by a
32	creditor or a person acting on behalf of the creditor in Indiana if the
33	offer is physically delivered, or otherwise transmitted or
34	communicated, to a person who has actual or apparent authority to act

For purposes of subdivisions (a) through (c), an offer is received by a creditor or a person acting on behalf of the creditor in Indiana if the offer is physically delivered, or otherwise transmitted or communicated, to a person who has actual or apparent authority to act for the creditor or the person acting on behalf of the creditor in Indiana, regardless of whether approval, acceptance, or ratification by any other agent or representative of the creditor or the person acting on behalf of the creditor in another state is necessary to give legal consequence to the consumer credit transaction.

(2) IC 24-4.5-5-101 through IC 24-4.5-5-108 apply to actions or other proceedings brought in this state to enforce rights arising from consumer credit sales, consumer leases, or consumer loans, or



1	extortionate extensions of credit, wherever made.
2	(3) Except as provided in subsection (2), a sale, lease, loan, or
3	modification thereof, made in another state to a person who was not a
4	resident of this state when the sale, lease, loan, or modification was
5	made is valid and enforceable in this state according to its terms to the
6	extent that it is valid and enforceable under the laws of the state
7	applicable to the transaction.
8	(4) For the purposes of this article, the residence of a buyer, lessee,
9	or debtor is the address given by the buyer, lessee, or debtor as the
10	buyer's, lessee's, or debtor's residence in any writing or electronic
11	communication made by the buyer, lessee, or debtor in connection with
12	a credit transaction. Until the buyer, lessee, or debtor notifies the
13	creditor or the person acting on behalf of the creditor of a new or
14	different address, the given address is presumed to be unchanged.
15	(5) Notwithstanding other provisions of this section:
16	(a) except as provided in subsection (2), this article does not apply
17	if the buyer, lessee, or debtor is not a resident of this state at the
18	time of a credit transaction and the parties then agree that the law
19	of the buyer's, lessee's, or debtor's residence applies; and
20	(b) this article applies if the buyer, lessee, or debtor is a resident
21	of this state at the time of a credit transaction and the parties then
22	agree that the law of this state applies.
23	(6) Except as provided in subsection (5), the following agreements
24	by a buyer, lessee, or debtor are invalid with respect to consumer credit
25	sales, consumer leases, consumer loans, or modifications thereof, to
26	which this article applies:
27	(a) that the law of another state shall apply;
28	(b) that the buyer, lessee, or debtor consents to the jurisdiction of
29	another state; and
30	(c) that fixes venue.
31	(7) The following provisions of this article specify the applicable
32	law governing certain cases:
33	(a) applicability (IC 24-4.5-6-102) of the provisions on powers
34	and functions of the department; and
35	(b) applicability (IC 24-4.5-6-201) of the provisions on
36	notification and fees.
37	(8) If a creditor or a person acting on behalf of the creditor has
38	violated the provisions of this article that apply to the authority to make
39	consumer loans (IC 24-4.5-3-502), the loan is void and the debtor is not
40	obligated to pay either the principal or loan finance charge, as set forth
41	in IC 24-4.5-5-202.

SECTION 4. IC 24-4.5-1-301, AS AMENDED BY P.L.57-2006,



1	SECTION 3, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
2	JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 301. General Definitions – In addition to
3	definitions appearing in subsequent chapters in this article:
4	(1) "Agreement" means the bargain of the parties in fact as found in
5	their language or by implication from other circumstances, including
6	course of dealing or usage of trade or course of performance.
7	(2) "Agricultural purpose" means a purpose related to the
8	production, harvest, exhibition, marketing, transportation, processing,
9	or manufacture of agricultural products by a natural person who
10	cultivates, plants, propagates, or nurtures the agricultural products;
11	"Agricultural products" includes agricultural, horticultural, viticultural,
12	and dairy products, livestock, wildlife, poultry, bees, forest products,
13	fish and shellfish, and any and all products raised or produced on farms
14	and any processed or manufactured products thereof.
15	(3) "Average daily balance" means the sum of each of the daily
16	balances in a billing cycle divided by the number of days in the billing
17	cycle, and if the billing cycle is a month, the creditor may elect to treat
18	the number of days in each billing cycle as thirty (30).
19	(4) "Closing costs" with respect to a debt secured by an interest in
20	land includes:
21	(a) fees or premiums for title examination, title insurance, or
22	similar purposes, including surveys;
23	(b) fees for preparation of a deed, settlement statement, or other
24	documents;
25	(c) escrows for future payments of taxes and insurance;
26	(d) fees for notarizing deeds and other documents;
27	(e) appraisal fees; and
28	(f) credit reports.
29	(5) "Conspicuous": A term or clause is conspicuous when it is so
30	written that a reasonable person against whom it is to operate ought to
31	have noticed it.
32	(6) "Consumer credit" means credit offered or extended to a
33	consumer primarily for a personal, family, or household purpose.
34	(7) "Credit" means the right granted by a creditor to a debtor to
35	defer payment of debt or to incur debt and defer its payment.
36	(8) "Creditor" means a person:
37	(a) who regularly engages in the extension of consumer credit that
38	is subject to a credit service charge or loan finance charge, as
39	applicable, or is payable by written agreement in more than
40	four (4) installments (not including a down payment); and
41	(b) to whom the obligation is initially payable, either on the face

of the note or contract, or by agreement when there is not a note



1	or contract.
2	(9) "Earnings" means compensation paid or payable for personal
3	services, whether denominated as wages, salary, commission, bonus,
4	or otherwise, and includes periodic payments under a pension or
5	retirement program.
6	(10) "Lender credit card or similar arrangement" means an
7	arrangement or loan agreement, other than a seller credit card, pursuant
8	to which a lender gives a debtor the privilege of using a credit card,
9	letter of credit, or other credit confirmation or identification in
10	transactions out of which debt arises:
11	(a) by the lender's honoring a draft or similar order for the
12	payment of money drawn or accepted by the debtor;
13	(b) by the lender's payment or agreement to pay the debtor's
14	obligations; or
15	(c) by the lender's purchase from the obligee of the debtor's
16	obligations.
17	(11) "Official fees" means:
18	(a) fees and charges prescribed by law which actually are or will
19	be paid to public officials for determining the existence of or for
20	perfecting, releasing, or satisfying a security interest related to a
21	consumer credit sale, consumer lease, or consumer loan; or
22	(b) premiums payable for insurance in lieu of perfecting a security
23	interest otherwise required by the creditor in connection with the
24	sale, lease, or loan, if the premium does not exceed the fees and
25	charges described in paragraph (a) which would otherwise be
26	payable.
27	(12) "Organization" means a corporation, a government or
28	governmental subdivision, or an agency, a trust, an estate, a
29	partnership, a limited liability company, a cooperative, or an
30	association, a joint venture, an unincorporated organization, or any
31	other entity, however organized.
32	(13) "Payable in installments" means that payment is required or
33	permitted by written agreement to be made in more than four (4)
34	installments not including a down payment.
35	(14) "Person" includes a natural person or an individual, and or an
36	organization.
37	(15) "Person related to" with respect to an individual means:
38	(a) the spouse of the individual;
39	(b) a brother, brother-in-law, sister, sister-in-law of the individual;
40	(c) an ancestor or lineal descendants of the individual or the
41	individual's spouse; and

(d) any other relative, by blood or marriage, of the individual or



1	the individual's spouse who shares the same home with the
2	individual.
3	"Person related to" with respect to an organization means:
4	(a) a person directly or indirectly controlling, controlled by, or
5	under common control with the organization;
6	(b) an officer or director of the organization or a person
7	performing similar functions with respect to the organization or
8	to a person related to the organization;
9	(c) the spouse of a person related to the organization; and
10	(d) a relative by blood or marriage of a person related to the
11	organization who shares the same home with the person.
12	(16) "Presumed" or "presumption" means that the trier of fact must
13	find the existence of the fact presumed unless and until evidence is
14	introduced which would support a finding of its nonexistence.
15	(17) "Mortgage transaction" means a transaction in which a first
16	mortgage or a land contract which constitutes a first lien is created or
17	retained against land.
18	(18) "Regularly engaged" means a person who extends consumer
19	credit more than:
20	(a) twenty-five (25) times; or
21	(b) five (5) times for transactions secured by a dwelling;
22	in the preceding calendar year. If a person did not meet these numerical
23	standards in the preceding calendar year, the numerical standards shall
24	be applied to the current calendar year.
25	(19) "Seller credit card" means an arrangement which gives to a
26	buyer or lessee the privilege of using a credit card, letter of credit, or
27	other credit confirmation or identification for the purpose of purchasing
28	or leasing goods or services from that person, a person related to that
29	person, or from that person and any other person. The term includes a
30	card that is issued by a person, that is in the name of the seller, and that
31	can be used by the buyer or lessee only for purchases or leases at
32	locations of the named seller.
33	(20) "Supervised financial organization" means a person, other than
34	an insurance company or other organization primarily engaged in an
35	insurance business:
36	(a) organized, chartered, or holding an authorization certificate
37	under the laws of a state or of the United States which authorizes
38	the person to make loans and to receive deposits, including a
39	savings, share, certificate, or deposit account; and
40	(b) subject to supervision by an official or agency of a state or of
41	the United States.
42	(21) "Mortgage servicer" means the last person to whom a

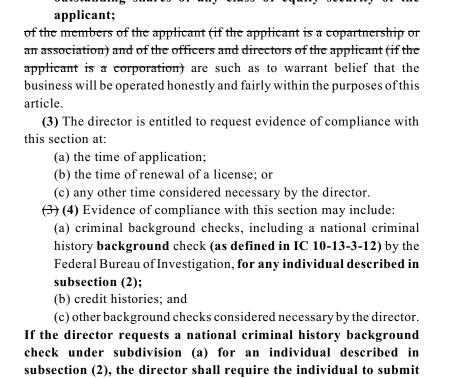


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1	mortgagor or the mortgagor's successor in interest has been instructed	
2	by a mortgagee to send payments on a loan secured by a mortgage.	
3	(22) "Affiliate", with respect to any person subject to this article,	
4	means a person that, directly or indirectly, through one (1) or more	
5	intermediaries:	
6	(a) controls;	
7	(b) is controlled by; or	
8	(c) is under common control with;	
9	the person subject to this article.	
10	SECTION 5. IC 24-4.5-3-105 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	
11	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 105. Unless the loan is	
12	made subject to IC 24-4.5-3 by agreement (IC 24-4.5-3-601), and	
13	except with respect to disclosure (IC 24-4.5-3-301), debtors' remedies	
14	(IC 24-4.5-5-201), providing payoff amounts (IC 24-4.5-3-209), and	
15	powers and functions of the department (IC 24-4.5-6-101),	
16	(IC 24-4.5-6-104), "consumer loan" does not include a loan primarily	
17	secured by an interest in land which is a mortgage transaction (as	
18	defined in IC 24-4.5-1-301(17)).	
19	SECTION 6. IC 24-4.5-3-402, AS AMENDED BY P.L.217-2007,	
20	SECTION 8, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
21	JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 402. (1) This section does not apply to a first	
22	lien mortgage transaction.	
23	(2) Except as provided in IC 24-9-4-3 with respect to a high cost	
24	home loan (as defined in IC 24-9-2-8), with respect to a consumer loan,	
25	other than one pursuant to a revolving loan account or one on which	
26	only loan finance charges are payable prior to the time that the final	
27	scheduled payment is due, if any scheduled payment is more than twice	
28	as large as the average of earlier scheduled payments, the debtor has	
29	the right to refinance the amount of that payment at the time it is due	
30	without penalty. The terms of the refinancing shall be no less favorable	
31	to the debtor than the terms of the original loan. This section does not	
32	apply to the extent that the payment schedule is adjusted to the seasonal	
33	or irregular income of the debtor.	

- (2) (3) For the purposes of this section, "terms of the refinancing" means:
 - (a) in the case of a fixed-rate consumer loan, the individual payment amounts, the charges as a result of default by the debtor, and the rate of the loan finance charge; and
 - (b) in the case of a variable rate consumer loan, the method used to determine the individual payment amounts, the charges as a result of default by the debtor, the method used to determine the rate of the loan finance charge, the circumstances under which the



1	rate of the loan finance charge may increase, and any limitations
2	on the increase in the rate of the loan finance charge.
3	(3) (4) If a consumer loan is made under the authority of the
4	Alternative Mortgage Transaction Parity Act (12 U.S.C. 3802 et seq.),
5	the note evidencing the mortgage must contain a reference to the
6	applicable federal law.
7	SECTION 7. IC 24-4.5-3-503, AS AMENDED BY P.L.217-2007,
8	SECTION 9, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
9	JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 503. License to Make Consumer Loans—(1) The
10	department shall receive and act on all applications for licenses to
11	make consumer loans. Applications must be as prescribed by the
12	director of the department of financial institutions.
13	(2) A license shall not be issued unless the department finds that the
14	financial responsibility, character, and fitness of:
15	(a) the applicant and any significant affiliate of the applicant;
16	(b) each executive officer, director, or manager of the
17	applicant, or any other individual having a similar status or
18	performing a similar function for the applicant; and
19	(c) if known, each person directly or indirectly owning of
20	record or owning beneficially at least ten percent (10%) of the
21	outstanding shares of any class of equity security of the
22	applicant;
23	of the members of the applicant (if the applicant is a copartnership or
24	an association) and of the officers and directors of the applicant (if the
25	applicant is a corporation) are such as to warrant belief that the
26	business will be operated honestly and fairly within the purposes of this
27	article.
28	(3) The director is entitled to request evidence of compliance with
29	this section at:
30	(a) the time of application;
31	(b) the time of renewal of a license; or
32	(c) any other time considered necessary by the director.
33	(3) (4) Evidence of compliance with this section may include:
34	(a) criminal background checks, including a national criminal
35	history background check (as defined in IC 10-13-3-12) by the
36	Federal Bureau of Investigation, for any individual described in
37	subsection (2);
38	(b) credit histories; and
39	(c) other background checks considered necessary by the director.
40	If the director requests a national criminal history background
41	check under subdivision (a) for an individual described in
42	subsection (2), the director shall require the individual to submit





1	fingerprints to the department or to the state police department, as
2	appropriate, at the time evidence of compliance is requested under
3	subsection (3). The individual to whom the request is made shall
4	pay any fees or costs associated with the fingerprints and the
5	national criminal history background check. The national criminal
6	history background check may be used by the director to
7	determine the individual's compliance with this section. The
8	director or the department may not release the results of the
9	national criminal history background check to any private entity.
10	(4) (5) The department may deny an application under this section
11	if the director of the department determines that the application was
12	submitted for the benefit of, or on behalf of, a person who does not
13	qualify for a license.
14	(5) (6) Upon written request, the applicant is entitled to a hearing on
15	the question of the qualifications of the applicant for a license as
16	provided in IC 4-21.5.
17	(6) (7) The applicant shall pay the following fees at the time
18	designated by the department:
19	(a) An initial license fee as established by the department under
20	IC 28-11-3-5.
21	(b) An initial investigation fee as established by the department
22	under IC 28-11-3-5.
23	(c) An annual renewal fee as established by the department under
24	IC 28-11-3-5.
25	(7) (8) A fee as established by the department under IC 28-11-3-5
26	may be charged for each day the annual renewal fee under subsection
27	(6)(c) (7)(c) is delinquent.
28	(8) (9) The applicant may deduct the fees required under subsection
29	$\frac{(6)(a)}{(7)(a)}$ (7)(a) through $\frac{(6)(c)}{(7)(c)}$ from the filing fees paid under
30	IC 24-4.5-6-203.
31	(9) (10) A loan license issued under this section is not assignable or
32	transferable.
33	(10) (11) Subject to subsection (11), (12), the director may
34	designate an automated central licensing system and repository,
35	operated by a third party, to serve as the sole entity responsible for:
36	(a) processing applications and renewals for licenses under this
37	section; and
38	(b) performing other services that the director determines are
39	necessary for the orderly administration of the department's
40	licensing system.
41	(11) (12) The director's authority to designate an automated central
42	licensing system and repository under subsection (10) (11) is subject



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2	to the following: (a) The director or the director's designee may not require any
3	person exempt from licensure under this article, or any employee
4	or agent of an exempt person, to:
5	
6	(i) submit information to; or
	(ii) participate in;
7	the automated central licensing system and repository.
8	(b) Information stored in the automated central licensing system
9	and repository is subject to the confidentiality provisions of
10	IC 28-1-2-30 and IC 5-14-3. A person may not:
11	(i) obtain information from the automated central licensing
12	system and repository, unless the person is authorized to do so
13	by statute; or
14	(ii) initiate any civil action based on information obtained
15	from the automated central licensing system if the information
16	is not otherwise available to the person under any other state
17	law; or
18	(iii) initiate any civil action based on information obtained
19	from the automated central licensing system if the person
20	could not have initiated the action based on information
21	otherwise available to the person under any other state law.
22	(c) Documents, materials, and other forms of information in the
23	control or possession of the automated central licensing system
24	and repository that are confidential under IC 28-1-2-30 and that
25	are:
26	(i) furnished by the director, the director's designee, or a
27	licensee; or that are
28	(ii) otherwise obtained by the automated central licensing
29	system and repository;
30	are confidential and privileged by law and are not (i) subject to
31	inspection under IC 5-14-3, (ii) subject to subpoena, (iii) subject
32	to discovery, or (iv) admissible in evidence in any civil action.
33	However, the director or the director's designee may use the
34	documents, materials, or other information available to the
35	director or the director's designee in furtherance of any action
36	brought in connection with the director's duties under this article.
37	(d) Disclosure of documents, materials, and information:
38	(i) to the director or the director's designee; or
39	(ii) by the director or the director's designee;
40	under this subsection does not result in a waiver of any applicable
41	privilege or claim of confidentiality with respect to the
42	documents, materials, or information.



1	(e) Information provided to the automated central licensing
2	system and repository is subject to IC 4-1-11.
3	(f) This subsection does not limit or impair a person's right to:
4	(i) obtain information;
5	(ii) use information as evidence in a civil action or proceeding;
6	or
7	(iii) use information to initiate a civil action or proceeding;
8	if the information may be obtained from the director or the
9	director's designee under any law.
10	(g) The director may require a licensee required to submit
11	information to the automated central licensing system and
12	repository to pay a processing fee considered reasonable by the
13	director.
14	SECTION 8. IC 24-4.5-3-504, AS AMENDED BY P.L.217-2007,
15	SECTION 10, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
16	JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 504. Revocation or Suspension of License—(1)
17	The department may issue to a person licensed to make consumer loans
18	an order to show cause why the license should not be revoked or
19	suspended for a period determined by the department. The order shall
20	state the place and time for a meeting with the department that is no
21	less than ten (10) days from the date of the order. After the meeting, the
22	department shall revoke or suspend the license if the department finds
23	that:
24	(a) the licensee has repeatedly and willfully violated this article
25	or any rule or order lawfully made pursuant to this article; or
26	(b) the licensee has repeatedly and willfully violated federal
27	consumer credit laws; or
28	(b) (c) facts or conditions exist which would clearly have justified
29	the department in refusing to grant a license had these facts or
30	conditions been known to exist at the time the application for the
31	license was made.
32	(2) Except as provided in section 503.5 of this chapter, no
33	revocation or suspension of a license is lawful unless prior to
34	institution of proceedings by the department notice is given to the
35	licensee of the facts or conduct which warrant the intended action, and
36	the licensee is given an opportunity to show compliance with all lawful
37	requirements for retention of the license.
38	(3) If the department finds that probable cause for revocation of a
39	license exists and that enforcement of this article requires immediate
40	suspension of the license pending investigation, the department may,

after a meeting with the licensee hearing upon five (5) days written

notice to the licensee, enter an order suspending the license for not



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- (4) Whenever the department revokes or suspends a license, the department shall enter an order to that effect and forthwith notify the licensee of the revocation or suspension. Within five (5) days after the entry of the order the department shall deliver to the licensee a copy of the order and the findings supporting the order.
- (5) Any person holding a license to make consumer loans may relinquish the license by notifying the department in writing of its relinquishment, but this relinquishment shall not affect the person's liability for acts previously committed.
- (6) No revocation, suspension, or relinquishment of a license shall impair or affect the obligation of any preexisting lawful contract between the licensee and any debtor.
- (7) The department may reinstate a license, terminate a suspension, or grant a new license to a person whose license has been revoked or suspended if no fact or condition then exists which clearly would have justified the department in refusing to grant a license.
 - (8) If the director:
 - (a) has just cause to believe an emergency exists from which it is necessary to protect the interests of the public; or
 - (b) determines that the license was obtained for the benefit of, or on behalf of, a person who does not qualify for a license;

the director may proceed with the revocation of the license under IC 4-21.5-3-6.

SECTION 9. IC 24-4.5-3-505, AS AMENDED BY P.L.217-2007, SECTION 11, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 505. Records; Annual Reports—(1) Every licensee shall maintain records in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles and practices in a manner that will enable the department to determine whether the licensee is complying with the provisions of this article. The record keeping system of a licensee shall be sufficient if the licensee makes the required information reasonably available. The department shall determine the sufficiency of the records and whether the licensee has made the required information reasonably available. The department shall be given free access to the records wherever located. The records pertaining to any loan shall be retained for two (2) years after making the final entry relating to the loan, but in the case of a revolving loan account the two (2) years is measured from the date of each entry. A person licensed or required to be licensed under this chapter is subject to IC 28-1-2-30.5 with respect to any records maintained by the person.

(2) Every licensee shall file with the department a composite report









1	as required by the department, but not more frequently than annually,
2	in the form prescribed by the department relating to all consumer loans
3	made by the licensee. The department shall consult with comparable
4	officials in other states for the purpose of making the kinds of
5	information required in the reports uniform among the states.
6	Information contained in the reports shall be confidential and may be
7	published only in composite form. The department may impose a fee
8	in an amount fixed by the department under IC 28-11-3-5 for each day
9	that a licensee fails to file the report required by this subsection.
10	(3) Every licensee shall file notification with the department if the
11	licensee:
12	(a) has a change in name, address, or principals;
13	(b) opens a new branch, closes an existing branch, or relocates an
14	existing branch;
15	(c) files for bankruptcy or reorganization; or
16	(d) is subject to revocation or suspension proceedings by a state
17	or governmental authority with regard to the licensee's activities;
18	not later than thirty (30) days after the date of the event described in
19	this subsection.
20	(4) Every licensee shall file notification with the department if a key
21	officer or director of the licensee: an individual described in section
22	503(2)(b) or 503(2)(c) of this chapter:
23	(a) is under indictment for a felony involving fraud, deceit, or
24	misrepresentation under the laws of Indiana or any other
25	jurisdiction; or
26	(b) has been convicted of or pleaded guilty or nolo contendere to
27	a felony involving fraud, deceit, or misrepresentation under the
28	laws of Indiana or any other jurisdiction;
29	not later than thirty (30) days after the date of the event described in
30	this subsection.
31	SECTION 10. IC 24-4.5-4-108, AS AMENDED BY P.L.217-2007,
32	SECTION 12, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
33	JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 108. Refund or Credit Required; Amount — (1)
34	Upon prepayment in full of a consumer credit sale or consumer loan by
35	the proceeds of consumer credit insurance, the debtor or the debtor's
36	estate is entitled to a refund of:
37	(a) any portion of a separate charge for insurance which by reason
38	of prepayment is retained by the creditor or returned to the
39	creditor by the insurer unless the charge was computed from time
40	to time on the basis of the balances of the debtor's account; and
41	(b) any portion of an additional charge that is:

(i) assessed in accordance with IC 24-4.5-2-202



1	IC 24-4.5-2-202(1)(c) or IC 24-4.5-3-202
2	IC 24-4.5-3-202(1)(e); and
3	(ii) subject to rebate upon prepayment.
4	(2) This chapter does not require a creditor to grant a refund or
5	credit to the debtor if all refunds and credits due to the debtor under
6	this chapter amount to less than one dollar (\$1), and except as provided
7	in subsection (1) does not require the creditor to account to the debtor
8	for any portion of a separate charge for insurance because:
9	(a) the insurance is terminated by performance of the insurer's
10	obligation;
11	(b) the creditor pays or accounts for premiums to the insurer in
12	amounts and at times determined by the agreement between them;
13	or
14	(c) the creditor receives directly or indirectly under any policy of
15	insurance a gain or advantage not prohibited by law.
16	(3) Except as provided in subsection (2), the creditor or the
17	creditor's assignee shall promptly make an appropriate refund or credit
18	to the debtor for any separate charge made for insurance or for an
19	additional charge described in subsection (1)(b) if:
20	(a) the insurance is not provided or is provided for a term shorter
21	than the term for which the charge to the debtor for insurance was
22	computed; or
23	(b) the insurance or the protection provided in exchange for
24	the additional charge described in subsection (1)(b) terminates
25	prior to the end of the scheduled term of the insurance coverage
26	because of prepayment in full or otherwise.
27	(4) An initial creditor, a subsequent creditor, or an assignee of
28	an initial or a subsequent creditor shall maintain documentation of
29	any account that is subject to a refund or credit under this section.
30	The information maintained under this subsection shall be made
31	available to the department as necessary to determine compliance
32	with this section.
33	(4) (5) A refund or credit required by subsection (3) is appropriate
34	as to amount if it is computed according to a method prescribed or
35	approved by the insurance commissioner or a formula filed by the
36	insurer with the insurance commissioner at least thirty (30) days before
37	the debtor's right to a refund or credit becomes determinable, unless the
38	method or formula is used after the insurance commissioner notifies the
39	insurer that it is disapproved.
40	(5) (6) If a refund or credit required by subsection (1) or (3) is not

made to the debtor within sixty (60) days after the date the debt is terminated, due to prepayment in full or otherwise, the creditor shall



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pay to the debtor for each day after the sixty (60) day period has expired an amount equal to the daily interest at the contracted annual percentage rate on the amount of the refund required by subsection (1) due at the time of prepayment or termination. The director may impose an additional civil penalty of not greater than one thousand dollars (\$1,000) per occurrence if a creditor engages in a pattern or practice of failing to comply with the this subsection.

SECTION 11. IC 24-4.5-6-203, AS AMENDED BY P.L.217-2007, SECTION 18, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 203. (1) Persons required to file notification who are sellers, lessors, or lenders shall pay a fee in an amount and at intervals to be prescribed by the director under IC 28-11-3-5. The fee shall be a uniform amount for each one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000), or part thereof, in excess of one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000), of the original unpaid balances arising from consumer credit sales, consumer leases, and consumer loans made in Indiana and held either by the seller, lessor, or lender for more than thirty (30) days after the inception of the sale, lease, or loan giving rise to the obligations, or by an assignee who has not filed notification. A refinancing of a sale, lease, or loan resulting in an increase in the amount of an obligation is a new sale, lease, or loan to the extent of the increase. In prescribing the fee, the department shall consider the costs and expense incurred or estimated to be incurred by the department in the administration of this article, including, but not limited to, the supervision, regulation, and examination of persons subject to the provisions of the article.

- (2) Persons required to file notification who are assignees shall pay a fee as prescribed and fixed by the department under subsection (1) on the unpaid balances at the time of the assignment of obligations arising from consumer credit sales, consumer leases, and consumer loans made in Indiana taken by assignment during the preceding calendar year, but an assignee need not pay a fee with respect to an obligation on which the assignor or other person has already paid a fee.
- (3) Persons required to file notification who are assignors shall pay a fee as prescribed by the department under subsection (1) on the unpaid balances at the time of the assignment of obligations arising from consumer credit sales, consumer leases, and consumer loans made in Indiana during the preceding calendar year unless the assignee has already paid the fees.
- (4) Persons required to renew a license under IC 24-4.5-3-503 may deduct the fees paid under IC $\frac{1}{24-4.5-3-503(6)(a)}$ IC $\frac{24-4.5-3-503(7)(a)}{24-4.5-3-503(6)(c)}$









1	IC 24-4.5-3-503(7)(c) from fees paid under this section.
2	(5) A person that is required to file notification under
3	IC 24-4.5-6-202 shall pay a fee at the same rate as prescribed and fixed
4	by the department under subsection (1) on the original unpaid balances
5	of all closed end credit obligations originating from the person's place
6	of business during the time preceding the notification as specified
7	under subsection (1), unless the fees for the obligations have been paid
8	by another person.
9	SECTION 12. IC 24-4.5-7-202, AS AMENDED BY P.L.217-2007,
10	SECTION 23, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
11	JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 202. (1) Notwithstanding any other law, the only
12	fee that may be contracted for and received by the lender or an
13	assignee on a small loan is a charge, not to exceed twenty-five dollars
14	(\$25), for each:
15	(a) return by a bank or other depository institution of a:
16	(i) dishonored check;
17	(ii) negotiable order of withdrawal; or
18	(iii) share draft;
19	issued by the borrower; or
20	(b) time an authorization to debit the borrower's account is
21	dishonored.
22	This additional charge may be assessed one (1) time regardless of how
23	many times a check or an authorization to debit the borrower's account
24	may be submitted by the lender and dishonored.
25	(2) A lender may:
26	(a) present a borrower's check for payment; or
27	(b) exercise a borrower's authorization to debit the borrower's
28	account;
29	not more than three (3) times.
30	SECTION 13. IC 24-4.5-7-404, AS AMENDED BY P.L.217-2007,
31	SECTION 26, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
32	JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 404. (1) As used in this section, "commercially
33	reasonable method of verification" means one (1) or more a private
34	consumer credit reporting services service that the department
35	determines to be capable of providing a lender with adequate
36	verification information necessary to ensure compliance with
37	subsection (4).
38	(2) With respect to a small loan, no lender may permit a person to
39	become obligated under more than one (1) loan agreement with the
40	lender at any time.
41	(3) A lender shall not make a small loan that, when combined with

the outstanding balance on another outstanding small loan owed to



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another lender, exceeds a total of five hundred fifty dollars (\$550)
excluding finance charges. A lender shall not make a small loan to a
borrower who has two (2) or more small loans outstanding, regardless
of the total value of the small loans. The amount of five hundred fifty
dollars (\$550) in this subsection is subject to change under the provisions on adjustment of dollar amounts (IC 24-4.5-1-106)
However, notwithstanding IC 24-4.5-1-106(1), the Reference Base
Index to be used under this subsection is the Index for October 2006.
(4) A lender complies with subsection (3) if the borrower represents
in writing that the borrower does not have any outstanding small loans
with the lender, another lender, an affiliate of the lender or another
lender, or a separate entity involved in a business association with the
lender or another lender in making small loans, and the lender
independently verifies the accuracy of the borrower's written
representation through a commercially reasonable method of
verification. A lender's method of verifying whether a borrower has any

(a) the lender's own records, including both records maintained at the location where the borrower is applying for the transaction and records maintained at other locations within the state that are owned and operated by the lender; and

outstanding small loans will be considered commercially reasonable if

the method includes a manual investigation or an electronic query of:

- (b) an available third party databases database provided by a private consumer reporting services.
- (5) The department shall monitor the effectiveness of private consumer credit reporting services in providing the verification information required under subsection (4). If the department determines that one (1) or more a commercially reasonable methods method of verification are is available, the department shall:
 - (a) provide reasonable notice to all lenders identifying the commercially reasonable methods method of verification that are is available; and
 - (b) require each lender to use, consistent with the policies of the department, one (1) of the identified commercially reasonable methods method of verification as a means of complying with subsection (4).
- (6) If a borrower presents evidence to a lender that a loan has been discharged in bankruptcy, the lender shall cause the record of the borrower's loan to be updated in the database described in subsection (4)(b) to reflect the bankruptcy discharge.
- (7) A lender shall cause the record of a borrower's loan to be updated in the database described in subsection (4)(b) to reflect:







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1	(a) presentment of the borrower's check for payment; or	
2	(b) exercise of the borrower's authorization to debit the borrower's	
3	account.	
4	If a check is returned or an authorization is dishonored because of	
5	insufficient funds in the borrower's account, the lender shall reenter the	
6	record of the loan in the database.	
7	(8) A lender shall update information in a database described in	
8	subsection (4)(b) to reflect partial payments made on an outstanding	
9	loan, the record of which is maintained in the database.	
10	(9) If a lender ceases doing business in Indiana, the director may	
11	require one (1) or more operators the operator of the databases	
12	database described in subsection (4)(b) to remove records of the	
13	lender's loans from the operator's database.	
14	(10) The director may impose a civil penalty not to exceed one	
15	hundred dollars (\$100) for each violation of:	
16	(a) this section; or	
17	(b) any rule or policy adopted by the director to implement this	
18	section.	
19	(11) The excess amount of loan finance charge provided for in	
20	agreements in violation of this section is an excess charge for purposes	
21	of the provisions concerning effect of violations on rights of parties	
22	(IC 24-4.5-5-202) and the provisions concerning civil actions by the	
23	department (IC 24-4.5-6-113).	
24	SECTION 14. IC 24-4.5-7-406, AS AMENDED BY P.L.57-2006,	
25	SECTION 18, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
26	JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 406. (a) (1) An agreement with respect to a small	_
27	loan may not provide for charges as a result of default by the borrower	
28	other than those specifically authorized by this chapter. A provision in	
29	a small loan agreement in violation of this section is unenforceable.	
30	(b) (2) A lender or an assignee of a small loan may seek only the	
31	following remedies upon default by a borrower:	
32	(1) (a) Recovery of:	
33	(A) (i) the contracted principal amount of the loan; and	
34	(B) (ii) the loan finance charge.	
35	(2) (b) Collection of a fee for:	
36	(A) (i) a returned check, negotiable order of withdrawal, or	
37	share draft; or	
38	(B) (ii) a dishonored authorization to debit the borrower's	
39 40	account;	
40 41	if contracted for under section 202 of this chapter. (3) (c) Collection of postjudgment interest, if awarded by a court.	
41 42	(3) (c) Collection of postfudgment interest, if awarded by a court.	
- /	INTERPOLATION OF COURT COSTS IT AWAITED BY A COURT	



1	(c) (3) A lender or an assignee of a small loan may not seek any of	
2	the following damages or remedies upon default by a borrower:	
3	(1) (a) Payment of the lender's attorney's fees.	
4	(2) (b) Treble damages.	
5	(3) (c) Prejudgment interest.	
6	(4) (d) Damages allowed for dishonored checks under any statute	
7	other than this chapter.	
8	(5) (e) Any damages or remedies not set forth in subsection (b).	
9	(2).	
10	(d) (4) A contractual agreement in a small loan transaction must	
11	include a notice of the following in 14 point bold type:	
12	(1) (a) The remedies available to a lender or an assignee under	
13	subsection (b). (2).	
14	(2) (b) The remedies and damages that a lender or an assignee is	
15	prohibited from seeking in a small loan transaction under	
16	subsection (c). (3).	
17	SECTION 15. IC 24-4.5-7-409, AS AMENDED BY P.L.57-2006,	
18	SECTION 19, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
19	JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 409. (1) This section applies to licensees and	
20	unlicensed persons.	
21	(2) A person who violates this chapter:	
22	(a) is subject to a civil penalty up to two thousand dollars (\$2,000)	
23	imposed by the department;	
24	(b) (a) is subject to the remedies provided in IC 24-4.5-5-202;	_
25	(c) (b) commits a deceptive act under IC 24-5-0.5 and is subject	
26	to the penalties listed in IC 24-5-0.5;	
27	(d) (c) has no right to collect, receive, or retain any principal,	
28	interest, or other charges from a small loan; however, this	
29	subdivision does not apply if the violation is the result of an	
30	accident or bona fide error of computation; and	
31	(e) (d) is liable to the borrower for actual damages, statutory	
32	damages of two thousand dollars (\$2,000) per violation, costs,	
33	and attorney's fees; however, this subdivision does not apply if the	
34	violation is the result of an accident or bona fide error of	
35	computation.	
36	The remedies described in this subsection are in addition to all	
37	other remedies set forth in this article.	
38	(3) The department may sue:	
39	(a) to enjoin any conduct that constitutes or will constitute a	
40	violation of this chapter; and	
41	(b) for other equitable relief.	
12	(1) The remedies provided in this section are cumulative but are not	



1	intended to be the exclusive remedies available to a borrower. A
2	borrower is not required to exhaust any administrative remedies under
3	this section or any other applicable law.
4	SECTION 16. IC 24-4.5-7-410, AS AMENDED BY P.L.57-2006,
5	SECTION 20, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
6	JULY 1,2008]: Sec. 410. A lender making small loans, or an assignee
7	of a small loan, shall not commit nor cause to be committed any of the
8	following acts:
9	(a) Threatening to use or using the criminal process in any state
10	to collect on a small loan.
11	(b) Threatening to take action against a borrower that is
12	prohibited by this chapter.
13	(c) Making a misleading or deceptive statement regarding a small
14	loan or a consequence of taking a small loan.
15	(d) Contracting for or collecting attorney's fees on small loans
16	made under this chapter.
17	(e) Altering the date or any other information on a check or an
18	authorization to debit the borrower's account held as security.
19	(f) Using a device or agreement that the department determines
20	would have the effect of charging or collecting more fees,
21	charges, or interest than allowed by this chapter, including, but
22	not limited to:
23	(i) entering a different type of transaction with the borrower;
24	(ii) entering into a sales/leaseback arrangement;
25	(iii) catalog sales;
26	(iv) entering into transactions in which a customer receives a
27	purported cash rebate that is advanced by someone offering
28	Internet content services, or some other product or service,
29	when the cash rebate does not represent a discount or an
30	adjustment of the purchase price for the product or service; or
31	(v) entering any other transaction with the borrower that is
32	designed to evade the applicability of this chapter.
33	(g) Engaging in unfair, deceptive, or fraudulent practices in the
34	making or collecting of a small loan.
35	(h) Charging to cash a check representing the proceeds of a small
36	loan.
37	(i) Except as otherwise provided in this chapter:
38	(i) accepting the proceeds of a new small loan as payment of
39	an existing small loan provided by the same lender; or
40	(ii) renewing, refinancing, or consolidating a small loan with
41	the proceeds of another small loan made by the same lender.
12	(j) Including any of the following provisions in a loan document:



1	(i) A hold harmless clause.	
2	(ii) A confession of judgment clause.	
3	(iii) A mandatory arbitration clause, unless the terms and	
4	conditions of the arbitration have been approved by the	
5	director of the department.	
6	(iv) An assignment of or order for payment of wages or other	
7	compensation for services.	
8	(v) A provision in which the borrower agrees not to assert a	
9	claim or defense arising out of contract.	
10	(vi) A waiver of any provision of this chapter.	
11	(k) Selling insurance of any kind in connection with the making	
12	or collecting of a small loan.	
13	(l) Entering into a renewal with a borrower.	
14	SECTION 17. IC 24-7-1-6 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE	
15	AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY	_
16	1, 2008]: Sec. 6. This article does not apply to the rental of a	
17	musical instrument through an elementary or a secondary school.	
18	SECTION 18. IC 28-1-2-30.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA	
19	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS	
20	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 30.5. (a) This section applies to	
21	the following:	
22	(1) Any:	
23	(A) financial institution;	
24	(B) person required to file notification with the department	_
25	under IC 24-4.5-6-202;	
26	(C) person subject to IC 24-7; or	
27	(D) other person subject to regulation by the department	
28	under this title.	y
29	(2) Any person licensed or required to be licensed under	
30	IC 24-4.5.	
31	(b) As used in this section, "customer", with respect to a person	
32	described in subsection (a), means an individual consumer, or the	
33	individual's legal representative, who obtains or has obtained from	
34	the person a financial:	
35	(1) product; or	
36	(2) service;	
37	that is to be used primarily for personal, family, or household	
38	purposes. The term does not include an affiliate of the person.	
39 40	(c) As used in this section, "personal information" includes any	
40 41	of the following: (1) An individual's first and last names or first initial and last	
41 42	(1) An individual's first and last names or first initial and last	



1	(2) Any of the following data elements:	
2	(A) A Social Security number.	
3	(B) A driver's license number.	
4	(C) A state identification card number.	
5	(D) A credit card number.	
6	(E) A financial account number or debit card number.	
7	(3) With respect to an individual, any of the following:	
8	(A) Address.	
9	(B) Telephone number.	
10	(C) Information concerning the individual's:	
11	(i) income or other compensation;	
12	(ii) credit history;	
13	(iii) credit score;	
14	(iv) assets;	
15	(v) liabilities; or	
16	(vi) employment history.	
17	(d) As used in this chapter, personal information is "encrypted"	U
18	if the personal information:	
19	(1) has been transformed through the use of an algorithmic	
20	process into a form in which there is a low probability of	
21	assigning meaning without use of a confidential process or	
22	key; or	
23	(2) is secured by another method that renders the personal	
24	information unreadable or unusable.	
25	(e) As used in this chapter, personal information is "redacted"	
26	if the personal information has been altered or truncated so that	
27	not more than the last four (4) digits of:	
28	(1) a Social Security number;	V
29	(2) a driver's license number;	
30	(3) a state identification number; or	
31	(4) an account number;	
32	are accessible as part of the personal information.	
33	(f) As used in this chapter, "personal records" means any	
34	records that:	
35	(1) are maintained, whether as a paper record or in an	
36	electronic or a computerized form, by a person to whom this	
37	section applies; and	
38	(2) contain the unencrypted, unredacted personal information	
39	of one (1) or more customers or potential customers.	
40	(g) A person to whom this section applies shall keep and handle	
41	personal records in a manner that:	
12	(1) reasonably safeguards the personal records from	



1	destruction, theft, or other loss; and
2	(2) protects the personal records from misuse.
3	(h) If a breach of the security of any personal records occurs,
4	the person maintaining the records is subject to the disclosure
5	requirements under IC 24-4.9-3, unless the person is exempt from
6	the disclosure requirements under IC 24-4.9-3-4.
7	(i) A person to whom this section applies may not dispose of
8	personal records without first:
9	(1) shredding, incinerating, or mutilating the personal
10	records; or
11	(2) erasing or otherwise rendering illegible or unusable the
12	personal information contained in the records.
13	(j) If a person to whom this section applies ceases doing
14	business, the person shall, as part of the winding up of the business,
15	safeguard any personal records maintained by the person in
16	accordance with this section until such time as the person is
17	entitled or required to destroy the records under:
18	(1) applicable law; or
19	(2) the person's own records maintenance policies.
20	SECTION 19. IC 28-1-7-4 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
21	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 4. (a) After the
22	resolutions approving a joint agreement of merger have been adopted
23	by the board of directors of each of the corporations, such resolutions
24	and joint agreement shall be submitted for approval by the department.
25	before the joint agreement is submitted to a vote of the shareholders of
26	the corporations. The department may, in its discretion, approve or
27	disapprove the resolution and joint agreement.
28	(b) In deciding whether to approve or disapprove a resolution and
29	joint agreement under this section, the department shall consider the
30	following factors:
31	(1) Whether the institutions subject to the proposed transaction
32	are operated in a safe, sound, and prudent manner.
33	(2) Whether the financial condition of any institution subject to
34	the proposed transaction will jeopardize the financial stability of
35	any other institutions subject to the proposed transaction.
36	(3) Whether the proposed transaction under this chapter will
37	result in an institution that has inadequate capital, unsatisfactory
38	management, or poor earnings prospects.
39	(4) Whether the management or other principals of the institution
40	that will result from the proposed transaction under this chapter

are qualified by character and financial responsibility to control

and operate in a legal and proper manner the resulting institution.



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1	(5) Whether the public convenience and advantage will be served	
2	by the resulting institution after the proposed transaction.	
3	(6) Whether the institutions subject to the proposed transaction	
4	under this chapter furnish all the information the department	
5	requires in reaching the department's decision.	
6	SECTION 20. IC 28-1-7-5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	
7	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 5. If The agreement of	
8	merger is approved by the department, it shall be submitted to a vote	
9	of the shareholders of each corporation, at the meeting directed by the	
10	resolution of the board of directors of each corporation, and the	
11	agreement shall be adopted by each corporation upon receiving the	
12	affirmative votes of the holders of a majority of the outstanding shares	
13	of the capital stock of the corporation. A mutual savings association or	
14	mutual savings bank shall adopt the agreement upon receiving the	
15	affirmative vote of fifty-one percent (51%) or more of the votes cast at	_
16	the meeting called to consider such agreement of merger.	
17	SECTION 21. IC 28-1-7-12 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	
18	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 12. (a) After the	
19	resolution approving a joint agreement of consolidation has been	
20	adopted by the board of directors of each of the corporations, the	
21	resolutions and joint agreement shall be submitted to the department.	
22	for approval before the joint agreement is submitted to a vote of the	
23	shareholders of the corporations. The department may, in its discretion,	
24	approve or disapprove the resolutions and joint agreement.	
25	(b) In deciding whether to approve or disapprove a transaction	
26	under this chapter, the department shall consider the following factors:	_
27	(1) Whether the institutions subject to the proposed transaction	
28	are operated in a safe, sound, and prudent manner.	\
29	(2) Whether the financial condition of any institution subject to	
30	the proposed transaction will jeopardize the financial stability of	
31	any other institutions subject to the proposed transaction.	
32	(3) Whether the proposed transaction under this chapter will	
33	result in an institution that has inadequate capital, unsatisfactory	
34	management, or poor earnings prospects.	
35	(4) Whether the management or other principals of the institution	
36	that will result from the proposed transaction under this chapter	
37	are qualified by character and financial responsibility to control	
38	and operate in a legal and proper manner the resulting institution.	
39	(5) Whether the public convenience and advantage will be served	
40	by the resulting institution after the proposed transaction.	
41	(6) Whether the institutions subject to the proposed transaction	

under this chapter furnish all the information the department



1	requires in reaching the department's decision.
2	SECTION 22. IC 28-1-7-13 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
3	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 13. H The agreemen
4	of consolidation is approved by the department, it shall be submitted to
5	a vote of the shareholders of each corporation and shall be adopted
6	upon receiving the same affirmative votes, and the adoption shall be
7	followed by the same notice to shareholders as is prescribed in sections
8	3, 5, and 6 of this chapter, as if the consolidation were a merger.
9	SECTION 23. IC 28-1-13-1.2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
10	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 1.2. As used in this
11	chapter, "loans and extensions of credit" includes all direct or indirect
12	advances of funds to a person made on the basis of any obligation or
13	that person to repay the funds or repayable from specific property
14	pledged by or on behalf of the person. To the extent specified by the
15	department, the term includes any liability of a bank to advance funds
16	to or on behalf of a person under a contractual commitment. has the
17	meaning set forth in 12 CFR 32.2.
18	SECTION 24. IC 28-1-20-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.57-2006
19	SECTION 31, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
20	JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 4. (a) Except as provided in subsections (c), (d)
21	(g), and (k), and (o), it is unlawful for any person, firm, limited liability
22	company, or corporation (other than a bank or trust company, a bank
23	holding company, a subsidiary of a bank or trust company, a subsidiary
24	of a bank holding company, a subsidiary of a savings bank, or a
25	subsidiary of a savings association or a corporate fiduciary organized
26	or reorganized under IC 28 or statutes in effect at the time of
27	organization or reorganization or under the laws of the United States)
28	(1) to use the word "bank", "banc", or "banco" as a part of the
29	name or title of the person, firm, limited liability company, or
30	corporation; or
31	(2) to advertise or represent the person, firm, limited liability
32	company, or corporation to the public:
33	(A) as a bank or trust company or a corporate fiduciary; or
34	(B) as affording the services or performing the duties which by
35	law only a bank or trust company or a corporate fiduciary is
36	entitled to afford and perform.
37	(b) A financial institution organized under the laws of any state or
38	the United States is authorized to do business in Indiana:
39	(1) at its principal office;



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(3) otherwise;

(2) at any branch office; or

using a name other than its official entity name if the financial

institution notifies the department at least ten (10) days before using the other name.

- (c) Notwithstanding the prohibitions of this section, an out-of-state financial institution with the word "bank" in its legal name may use the word "bank" if the financial institution is insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or its successor.
- (d) Notwithstanding subsection (a), a building and loan association organized under IC 28-4 (before its repeal) may include in its name or title:
 - (1) the words "savings bank"; or

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(2) the word "bank" if the name or title also includes either the words "savings bank" or letters "SB".

A building and loan association that includes "savings bank" in its title under this section does not by that action become a savings bank for purposes of IC 28-6.1.

- (e) The name or title of a savings bank governed by IC 28-6.1 must include the words "savings bank" or the letters "SB".
- (f) A savings association may include in its name the words "building and loan association".
- (g) Notwithstanding subsection (a), a bank holding company (as defined in 12 U.S.C. 1841) may use the word "bank" or "banks" as a part of its name. However, this subsection does not permit a bank holding company to advertise or represent itself to the public as affording the services or performing the duties that by law a bank or trust company only is entitled to afford and perform.
- (h) The department is authorized to investigate the business affairs of any person, firm, limited liability company, or corporation that uses "bank", "banc", or "banco" in its title or holds itself out as a bank, corporate fiduciary, or trust company for the purpose of determining whether the person, firm, limited liability company, or corporation is violating any of the provisions of this article, and, for that purpose, the department and its agents shall have access to any and all of the books, records, papers, and effects of the person, firm, limited liability company, or corporation. In making its examination, the department may examine any person and the partners, officers, members, or agents of the firm, limited liability company, or corporation under oath, subpoena witnesses, and require the production of the books, records, papers, and effects considered necessary. On application of the department, the circuit or superior court of the county in which the person, firm, limited liability company, or corporation maintains a place of business shall, by proper proceedings, enforce the attendance and testimony of witnesses and the production and examination of







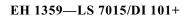




1	books, papers, records, and effects.
2	(i) The department is authorized to exercise the powers under
3	IC 28-11-4 against a person, firm, limited liability company, or
4	corporation that improperly holds itself out as a financial institution.
5	(j) A person, firm, limited liability company, or corporation who
6	violates this section is subject to a penalty of five hundred dollars
7	(\$500) per day for each and every day during which the violation
8	continues. The penalty imposed shall be recovered in the name of the
9	state on relation of the department and, when recovered, shall be paid
10	into the financial institutions fund established by IC 28-11-2-9.
11	(k) The word "bank", "banc", or "banco" may not be included in the
12	name of a corporate fiduciary.
13	(l) A person, firm, limited liability company, or corporation may not
14	use the name of an existing bank or bank holding company depository
15	financial institution or holding company of a depository financial
16	institution, or a name confusingly similar to that of an existing bank
17	or bank holding company depository financial institution or holding
18	company of a depository financial institution, when marketing to or
19	soliciting business from a customer or prospective customer if the
20	reference to the existing bank or bank holding company depository
20	
21	financial institution or holding company of a depository financial
21	financial institution or holding company of a depository financial
21 22	financial institution or holding company of a depository financial institution is:
21 22 23	financial institution or holding company of a depository financial institution is: (1) without the consent of the existing bank or bank holding
21 22 23 24	financial institution or holding company of a depository financial institution is: (1) without the consent of the existing bank or bank holding company, depository financial institution or holding company
21 22 23 24 25	financial institution or holding company of a depository financial institution is: (1) without the consent of the existing bank or bank holding company; depository financial institution or holding company of a depository financial institution; and
21 22 23 24 25 26	financial institution or holding company of a depository financial institution is: (1) without the consent of the existing bank or bank holding company; depository financial institution or holding company of a depository financial institution; and (2) in a manner that could cause a reasonable person to believe
21 22 23 24 25 26 27	financial institution or holding company of a depository financial institution is: (1) without the consent of the existing bank or bank holding company; depository financial institution or holding company of a depository financial institution; and (2) in a manner that could cause a reasonable person to believe that the marketing material or solicitation: (A) originated from; (B) is endorsed by; or
21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	financial institution or holding company of a depository financial institution is: (1) without the consent of the existing bank or bank holding company; depository financial institution or holding company of a depository financial institution; and (2) in a manner that could cause a reasonable person to believe that the marketing material or solicitation: (A) originated from;
21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29	financial institution or holding company of a depository financial institution is: (1) without the consent of the existing bank or bank holding company; depository financial institution or holding company of a depository financial institution; and (2) in a manner that could cause a reasonable person to believe that the marketing material or solicitation: (A) originated from; (B) is endorsed by; or
21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30	financial institution or holding company of a depository financial institution is: (1) without the consent of the existing bank or bank holding company; depository financial institution or holding company of a depository financial institution; and (2) in a manner that could cause a reasonable person to believe that the marketing material or solicitation: (A) originated from; (B) is endorsed by; or (C) is in any other way the responsibility of;
21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	financial institution or holding company of a depository financial institution is: (1) without the consent of the existing bank or bank holding company; depository financial institution or holding company of a depository financial institution; and (2) in a manner that could cause a reasonable person to believe that the marketing material or solicitation: (A) originated from; (B) is endorsed by; or (C) is in any other way the responsibility of; the existing bank or bank holding company depository financial
21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32	financial institution or holding company of a depository financial institution is: (1) without the consent of the existing bank or bank holding company; depository financial institution or holding company of a depository financial institution; and (2) in a manner that could cause a reasonable person to believe that the marketing material or solicitation: (A) originated from; (B) is endorsed by; or (C) is in any other way the responsibility of; the existing bank or bank holding company depository financial institution or holding company of a depository financial institution.
21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33	financial institution or holding company of a depository financial institution is: (1) without the consent of the existing bank or bank holding company; depository financial institution or holding company of a depository financial institution; and (2) in a manner that could cause a reasonable person to believe that the marketing material or solicitation: (A) originated from; (B) is endorsed by; or (C) is in any other way the responsibility of; the existing bank or bank holding company depository financial institution or holding company of a depository financial institution. (m) An existing bank or bank holding company depository
21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34	financial institution or holding company of a depository financial institution is: (1) without the consent of the existing bank or bank holding company; depository financial institution or holding company of a depository financial institution; and (2) in a manner that could cause a reasonable person to believe that the marketing material or solicitation: (A) originated from; (B) is endorsed by; or (C) is in any other way the responsibility of; the existing bank or bank holding company depository financial institution or holding company of a depository financial institution. (m) An existing bank or bank holding company depository financial institution or holding company of a depository financial
21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37	financial institution or holding company of a depository financial institution is: (1) without the consent of the existing bank or bank holding company; depository financial institution or holding company of a depository financial institution; and (2) in a manner that could cause a reasonable person to believe that the marketing material or solicitation: (A) originated from; (B) is endorsed by; or (C) is in any other way the responsibility of; the existing bank or bank holding company depository financial institution or holding company of a depository financial institution. (m) An existing bank or bank holding company depository financial institution may, in addition to any other remedies available under the law, report an alleged violation of subsection (1) to the department. If the department finds that the marketing material or solicitation in
21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38	financial institution or holding company of a depository financial institution is: (1) without the consent of the existing bank or bank holding company; depository financial institution or holding company of a depository financial institution; and (2) in a manner that could cause a reasonable person to believe that the marketing material or solicitation: (A) originated from; (B) is endorsed by; or (C) is in any other way the responsibility of; the existing bank or bank holding company depository financial institution or holding company of a depository financial institution. (m) An existing bank or bank holding company depository financial institution may, in addition to any other remedies available under the law, report an alleged violation of subsection (1) to the department. If the department finds that the marketing material or solicitation in question is in violation of subsection (1), the department may direct the
21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37	financial institution or holding company of a depository financial institution is: (1) without the consent of the existing bank or bank holding company; depository financial institution or holding company of a depository financial institution; and (2) in a manner that could cause a reasonable person to believe that the marketing material or solicitation: (A) originated from; (B) is endorsed by; or (C) is in any other way the responsibility of; the existing bank or bank holding company depository financial institution or holding company of a depository financial institution. (m) An existing bank or bank holding company depository financial institution may, in addition to any other remedies available under the law, report an alleged violation of subsection (1) to the department. If the department finds that the marketing material or solicitation in

that person, firm, limited liability company, or corporation persists in

using the marketing material or solicitation, the department may





impose a civil penalty of up to fifteen thousand dollars (\$15,000) for
each violation. Each instance in which the marketing material or
solicitation is sent to a customer or prospective customer constitutes a
separate violation of subsection (l).
(n) Nothing in subsection (l) or (m) prohibits the use of or reference
to the name of an existing bank or bank holding company depository
financial institution or holding company of a depository financial
institution in marketing materials or solicitations, if the use or
reference does not deceive or confuse a reasonable person regarding
whether the marketing material or solicitation:
(1) originated from;
(2) is endorsed by; or
(3) is in any other way the responsibility of;
the existing bank or bank holding company. depository financial
institution or holding company of a depository financial institution.
(o) A person, firm, limited liability company, or corporation
may use the word "bank", "banc", or "banco" if it would not
create a substantial likelihood of misleading the public by implying
that the person, firm, limited liability company, or corporation is
a state or federally chartered bank or savings bank.
(p) As used in this section, "depository financial institution" has
the meaning set forth in IC 28-1-1-6.
(o) (q) The department may adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to
implement this section.
SECTION 25. IC 28-1-29-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 1. The following words,
when used in this chapter, shall have the meaning ascribed to them
unless the context clearly requires a different meaning:
(1) "Person" includes individuals, sole proprietorships,
partnerships, associations, limited liability company, and
companies, trusts, joint ventures, corporations, unincorporated
organizations, and other entities, however organized.
(2) "Budget service company" "Debt management company" is
any person doing business as a budget counseling, credit
counseling, debt management, or debt pooling service or holding
himself the person out, by words of similar import, as providing
services to debtors in the management of their finances and debts,
and contracting with the debtor for a fee to receive from the
debtor and disburse money or anything of value. "Budget service
company" The term includes the following:

(A) An entity that simply holds any check, personal check,

money order, personal money order, draft, or any other



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1	instrument for the transmission of money.	
2	(B) A person or an entity known as a "budget service	
3	company".	
4	(3) "License" means a license issued under the provisions of this	
5	chapter.	
6	(4) "Licensee" means any person to whom a license has been	
7	issued pursuant to the provisions of this chapter.	
8	(5) "Contract debtor" means a debtor who has entered into a	
9	contract with a licensee.	
10	(6) "Debt" means an obligation arising out of personal, family, or	
11	household use.	
12	(7) "Debtor" means an individual whose principal debts and	
13	obligations arise out of personal, family, or household use and	
14	shall not apply to persons whose principal indebtedness arises out	
15	of business purpose transactions.	
16	(8) "Department" means the members of the department of	
17	financial institutions.	
18	(9) "Finances" means a savings deposit that is:	
19	(A) made on behalf of a contract debtor;	
20	(B) owned and controlled exclusively by the contract debtor	
21	and not a licensee who has a power of attorney of the contract	
22	debtor; and	
23	(C) placed in a bank or savings institution chartered by the	
24	state or federal government.	
25	SECTION 26. IC 28-1-29-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.217-2007,	
26	SECTION 42, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
27	JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 3. (a) No person shall operate a budget service	
28	debt management company in Indiana without having obtained a	
29	license from the department. For purposes of this section, a person is	
30	operating in Indiana if:	
31	(1) the person or any of the person's employees or agents are	
32	located in Indiana; or	
33	(2) the person:	
34	(A) contracts with debtors who are residents of Indiana; or	
35	(B) solicits business from residents of Indiana by	
36	advertisements or other communications sent or delivered	
37	through any of the following means:	
38	(i) Mail.	
39	(ii) Personal delivery.	
40	(iii) Telephone.	
41	(iv) Radio.	
42	(v) Television	



1	(vi) The Internet or other electronic communications.	
2	(vii) Any other means of communication.	
3	(b) The director may request evidence of compliance with this	
4	section at:	
5	(1) the time of application;	
6	(2) the time of renewal of a license; or	
7	(3) any other time considered necessary by the director.	
8	(c) For purposes of subsection (b), evidence of compliance with this	
9	section may include:	
10	(1) criminal background checks, including a national criminal	1
11	history background check (as defined in IC 10-13-3-12) by the	
12	Federal Bureau of Investigation for any individual described in	
13	section 5(b)(2) or 5(b)(3) of this chapter;	
14	(2) credit histories; and	
15	(3) other background checks considered necessary by the director.	
16	If the director requests a national criminal history background	4
17	check under subdivision (1) for an individual described in that	
18	subdivision, the director shall require the individual to submit	
19	fingerprints to the department or to the state police department, as	
20	appropriate, at the time evidence of compliance is requested under	
21	subsection (b). The individual to whom the request is made shall	
22	pay any fees or costs associated with the fingerprints and the	
23	national criminal history background check. The national criminal	
24	history background check may be used by the director to	•
25	determine the individual's compliance with this section. The	
26	director or the department may not release the results of the	_
27	national criminal history background check to any private entity.	
28	(d) The fee for a license or renewal shall be fixed by the department	
29	under IC 28-11-3-5 and shall be nonrefundable. A licensee failing to	
30	renew annually shall be required to pay The department may impose	
31	a fee fixed by the department under IC 28-11-3-5 for a new application.	
32	each day that a renewal fee due and payable under this subsection	
33	is delinquent.	
34	(e) If a person knowingly acts as a budget service debt	
35	management company in violation of this chapter, any agreement the	
36	person has made under this chapter is void and the debtor under the	
37	agreement is not obligated to pay any fees. If the debtor has paid any	
38	amounts to the person, the debtor, or the department on behalf of the	
39	debtor, may recover the payment from the person that violated this	

(f) A license issued under this section is not assignable or



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transferable.

1	SECTION 27. IC 28-1-29-5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.217-2007,
2	SECTION 44, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
3	JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 5. (a) Every person doing business as a budget
4	service debt management company shall make application to the
5	department for a license to engage in such business. Such application
6	shall be in the form prescribed by the department and shall contain
7	such information as the department may require.
8	(b) The department may not issue a license unless the department
9	finds that the financial responsibility, character, and fitness of:
10	(1) the applicant and any significant affiliate of the applicant;
11	and
12	(2) the: (A) members of the applicant, if the applicant is a
13	partnership or association; or (B) officers and directors of the
14	applicant, if the applicant is a corporation;
15	(2) each executive officer, director, or manager of the
16	applicant, or any other individual having a similar status or
17	performing a similar function for the applicant; and
18	(3) if known, each person directly or indirectly owning of
19	record or owning beneficially at least ten percent (10%) of the
20	outstanding shares of any class of equity security of the
21	applicant;
22	warrant belief that the business will be operated honestly and fairly
23	under this article. The department is entitled to request evidence of an
24	applicant's financial responsibility, character, and fitness.
25	
	(c) An application submitted under this section must indicate
26	whether (1) any (A) members of the applicant, if the applicant is a
26 27	whether (1) any (A) members of the applicant, if the applicant is a partnership or association; or (B) officers and directors of the applicant,
26 27 28	whether (1) any (A) members of the applicant, if the applicant is a partnership or association; or (B) officers and directors of the applicant, if the applicant is a corporation; individuals described in subsection
26 27 28 29	whether (1) any (A) members of the applicant, if the applicant is a partnership or association; or (B) officers and directors of the applicant, if the applicant is a corporation; individuals described in subsection (b)(2) or (b)(3):
26 27 28 29 30	whether (1) any (A) members of the applicant, if the applicant is a partnership or association; or (B) officers and directors of the applicant, if the applicant is a corporation; individuals described in subsection (b)(2) or (b)(3): (1) are, at the time of the application, under indictment for a
26 27 28 29 30 31	whether (1) any (A) members of the applicant, if the applicant is a partnership or association; or (B) officers and directors of the applicant, if the applicant is a corporation; individuals described in subsection (b)(2) or (b)(3): (1) are, at the time of the application, under indictment for a felony involving fraud, deceit, or misrepresentation under the
26 27 28 29 30 31 32	whether (1) any (A) members of the applicant, if the applicant is a partnership or association; or (B) officers and directors of the applicant, if the applicant is a corporation; individuals described in subsection (b)(2) or (b)(3): (1) are, at the time of the application, under indictment for a felony involving fraud, deceit, or misrepresentation under the laws of Indiana or any other jurisdiction; and or
26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33	whether (1) any (A) members of the applicant, if the applicant is a partnership or association; or (B) officers and directors of the applicant, if the applicant is a corporation; individuals described in subsection (b)(2) or (b)(3): (1) are, at the time of the application, under indictment for a felony involving fraud, deceit, or misrepresentation under the laws of Indiana or any other jurisdiction; and or (2) any: (A) members of the applicant, if the applicant is a
26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34	whether (1) any (A) members of the applicant, if the applicant is a partnership or association; or (B) officers and directors of the applicant, if the applicant is a corporation; individuals described in subsection (b)(2) or (b)(3): (1) are, at the time of the application, under indictment for a felony involving fraud, deceit, or misrepresentation under the laws of Indiana or any other jurisdiction; and or (2) any: (A) members of the applicant, if the applicant is a partnership or association; or (B) officers and directors of the
26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35	whether (1) any (A) members of the applicant, if the applicant is a partnership or association; or (B) officers and directors of the applicant, if the applicant is a corporation; individuals described in subsection (b)(2) or (b)(3): (1) are, at the time of the application, under indictment for a felony involving fraud, deceit, or misrepresentation under the laws of Indiana or any other jurisdiction; and or (2) any: (A) members of the applicant, if the applicant is a partnership or association; or (B) officers and directors of the applicant, if the applicant is a corporation; have been convicted
26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36	whether (1) any (A) members of the applicant, if the applicant is a partnership or association; or (B) officers and directors of the applicant, if the applicant is a corporation; individuals described in subsection (b)(2) or (b)(3): (1) are, at the time of the application, under indictment for a felony involving fraud, deceit, or misrepresentation under the laws of Indiana or any other jurisdiction; and or (2) any: (A) members of the applicant, if the applicant is a partnership or association; or (B) officers and directors of the applicant, if the applicant is a corporation; have been convicted of or pleaded guilty or nolo contendere to a felony involving
26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37	whether (1) any (A) members of the applicant, if the applicant is a partnership or association; or (B) officers and directors of the applicant, if the applicant is a corporation; individuals described in subsection (b)(2) or (b)(3): (1) are, at the time of the application, under indictment for a felony involving fraud, deceit, or misrepresentation under the laws of Indiana or any other jurisdiction; and or (2) any: (A) members of the applicant, if the applicant is a partnership or association; or (B) officers and directors of the applicant, if the applicant is a corporation; have been convicted of or pleaded guilty or nolo contendere to a felony involving fraud, deceit, or misrepresentation under the laws of Indiana or
26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36	whether (1) any (A) members of the applicant, if the applicant is a partnership or association; or (B) officers and directors of the applicant, if the applicant is a corporation; individuals described in subsection (b)(2) or (b)(3): (1) are, at the time of the application, under indictment for a felony involving fraud, deceit, or misrepresentation under the laws of Indiana or any other jurisdiction; and or (2) any: (A) members of the applicant, if the applicant is a partnership or association; or (B) officers and directors of the applicant, if the applicant is a corporation; have been convicted of or pleaded guilty or nolo contendere to a felony involving

director of the department determines that the application was

submitted for the benefit of, or on behalf of, a person who does not

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qualify for a license.

1	(e) Upon written request, an applicant is entitled to a hearing under
2	IC 4-21.5 on the question of the qualifications of the applicant for a
3	license.
4	SECTION 28. IC 28-1-29-7.5, AS ADDED BY P.L.217-2007,
5	SECTION 45, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
6	JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 7.5. (a) This section applies if, after a person has
7	been issued a license or renewal license under this chapter, any of the
8	following apply:
9	(1) Any (A) members of the licensee, if the licensee is a
10	partnership or association; or (B) officers and directors of the
11	licensee, if the licensee is a corporation; individuals described
12	in section 5(b)(2) or 5(b)(3) of this chapter are under indictment
13	for a felony involving fraud, deceit, or misrepresentation under
14	the laws of Indiana or any other jurisdiction.
15	(2) Any (A) members of the licensee, if the licensee is a
16	partnership or association; or (B) officers and directors of the
17	licensee, if the licensee is a corporation; individuals described
18	in section 5(b)(2) or 5(b)(3) of this chapter have been convicted
19	of or pleaded guilty or nolo contendere to a felony involving
20	fraud, deceit, or misrepresentation under the laws of Indiana or
21	any other jurisdiction.
22	(b) If this section applies, the licensee shall provide to the
23	department the information required under section 5(c) of this chapter:
24	(1) not later than thirty (30) days after any person described in
25	subsection (a):
26	(A) has been put on notice of the indictment; or
27	(B) has been convicted of or pleaded guilty or nolo contendere
28	to the felony;
29	whichever applies; or
30	(2) if the licensee's next license renewal fee under section 3(c) of
31	this chapter is due before the date described in subdivision (1),
32	along with the licensee's next license renewal fee under section
33	3(d) of this chapter.
34	SECTION 29. IC 28-1-29-8, AS AMENDED BY P.L.217-2007,
35	SECTION 46, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
36	JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 8. (a) A licensee shall deliver to every contract
37	debtor, at the time the contract is made, a copy of the contract, showing
38	the:
39	(1) date executed;
40	(2) rate of charge the licensee will impose;
41	(3) initial set up fee;
42	(4) cancellation fee;



(5) amount of debts claimed by the contract debtor to be due the contract debtor's creditors; (6) total amount of fee to be assessed by the licensee, including the initial set up fee, but excluding the cancellation fee; and

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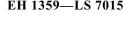
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- (7) total amount of debt to be repaid under the contract; and shall immediately notify all creditors of the licensee's and debtor's relationship. The contract shall specify the schedule of payments from the debtor under the debt program.
- (b) A license licensee may take no fee unless a debt program or a finance program, or both, agreed upon by the licensee and the contract debtor, has been arranged. All creditors must be notified of the debtor's and licensee's relationship. Acceptance of a program payment constitutes agreement by the creditor to the program.
- (c) A licensee shall give to the contract debtor a dated receipt for each payment, at the time of the payment, unless the payment is made by check, money order, or direct deposit.
- (d) A licensee shall, upon cancellation by a contract debtor of the contract, notify immediately in writing all creditors of contract debtor.
- (e) A licensee shall maintain in the licensee's business such books, accounts, and records as will enable the department or the attorney general to determine whether such license is complying with this chapter. Such books, accounts, and records shall be preserved for at least three (3) years after making the final entry of any contract recorded therein. A licensee is subject to IC 28-1-2-30.5 with respect to any records maintained by the licensee.
- (f) A licensee may not, except as provided in subsection (g), receive a fee from the contract debtor for services in excess of fifteen percent (15%) of the amount of the debt payable to creditors that the debtor agrees to pay through the licensee, divided into equal monthly payments over the term of the contract. The total monthly amount of fees paid by the contract debtor to the licensee plus the fair share fees paid by the contract debtor's creditors to the licensee shall not exceed twenty percent (20%) of the monthly amount the debtor agrees to pay through the licensee. The accrual method of accounting shall apply to the creditor's fair share fees received by the licensee. The program fee may be charged for any one (1) month or part of a month. As a portion of the total fees and charges stated in the contract, the licensee may require the debtor to pay a maximum initial payment of fifty dollars (\$50). The initial payment must be deducted from the total contract fees and charges to determine the monthly amortizable amount for subsequent fees. Unless approved by the department, the licensee may not retain in the debtor's trust account, for charges, an amount greater





licensee to the debtor under this section for services rendered	l by the
licensee, other than the amount pursuant to subsection (g),	, is not
considered a debt owed by the debtor to the licensee.	
(g) Upon:	
(1) cancellation of the contract by a contract debtor; or	
(2) termination of payments by a contract debtor;	
a licensee may not withhold for the licensee's own benefit, in a	
to the amounts specified in subsection (f), more than one h	
dollars (\$100), which may be accrued as a close-out fee. The la	
may not charge the contract debtor more than one (1) set up	
cancellation fee, or both, unless the contract debtor leaves the s	ervices
of the licensee for more than six (6) months.	
(h) A licensee may not enter into a contract with a debtor u	
thorough, written budget analysis of the debtor indicates that the	
can reasonably meet the payments required under a propose	ed debt
program or finance program.	
(i) A licensee may not enter into a contract with a contract de	btor for
a period longer than twenty-four (24) months.	
(j) A licensee may provide services under this chapter in the	
place of business in which another business is operating, or from	
other products or services are sold, if the director issues a	written
determination that:	
(1) the operation of the other business; or	
(2) the sale of other products and services;	0.1
from the location in question is not contrary to the best interest	s of the
licensee's contract debtors.	
(k) A licensee without a physical location in Indiana may:	
(1) solicit sales of; and	
(2) sell;	1
additional products and services to Indiana residents if the	
issues a written determination that the proposed solicitation or	sale is
not contrary to the best interests of contract debtors.	. 4 6
(l) A licensee may assess a charge not to exceed twen	•
dollars (\$25) for each return by a bank or other depo	

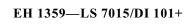
SECTION 30. IC 28-1-29-10, AS AMENDED BY P.L.57-2006,

SECTION 35, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE

JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 10. The department may examine all books,

records, and accounts of any person doing business as a budget service

debt management company at least once a year. The cost of such





examination will be paid by the company upon a fee basis fixed by the
department under IC 28-11-3-5. The record keeping system of a
licensee shall be made available in Indiana for examination. The
department shall determine the sufficiency of the records and whether
the licensee has made the required information reasonably available.
For the purpose of discovering violations of this chapter and securing
information necessary for the enforcement of this chapter, the
department may investigate:
(1) a licensee; or
(2) a person that the department suspects is operating without a
valid license or in violation of this chapter.
SECTION 31. IC 28-1-29-12, AS AMENDED BY P.L.217-2007,
SECTION 48, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 12. This chapter does not apply to any attorney at
law authorized to practice in this state, or to any individual,
partnership, association, limited liability company, or corporation doing
business or operating in this state as a trust company or building and
loan association, licensed lending institution, court appointed receivers,
trustees in bankruptcy, or any not-for-profit corporation providing the
services of a budget service debt management company which does
not charge the debtor any fee for such services, other than fees that are:
(1) incurred and documented by the person in the course of
providing the services, such as fees for postage or fees paid to a
third party; and
(2) bona fide and reasonable, as may be defined by a policy or
rule of the department.
SECTION 32. IC 28-2-13-22.6 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 22.6. (a) As used in this chapter,
"school" means:
(1) an elementary school (as defined in IC 20-18-2-4); or
(2) a secondary school (as defined in IC 20-18-2-18).
The term includes a public school (as defined in IC 20-18-2-15) or
a nonpublic school (as defined in IC 20-18-2-12).
(b) A state bank is entitled to establish an intermittent facility
on the premises of a school in Indiana for the purpose of offering
limited account services as an educational tool for students.
(c) The services that may be offered at an intermittent facility
established under this section include:



(1) the opening of accounts;

(2) the acceptance of deposits; and

(3) other services determined by the department.

1	(d) To establish an intermittent facility under this section, a	
2	state bank is not required to submit an application to the	
3	department. However, before establishing an intermittent facility	
4	under this section, a state bank must:	
5	(1) obtain the written permission of:	
6	(A) the governing body of the school corporation, for a	
7	public school; or	
8	(B) the equivalent authority for a nonpublic school;	
9	for the establishment and operation of the facility on the	
10	premises of the school; and	
11	(2) notify the department in writing of the intention of the	
12	state bank to establish the intermittent facility.	
13	(e) A written notice provided to the department under	
14	subsection (d)(2) must:	
15	(1) be in the form; and	
16	(2) contain the information;	
17	prescribed by the department.	U
18	(f) An intermittent facility operated by a state bank under this	
19	section:	
20	(1) may be operated only during the school year; and	
21	(2) must meet all other requirements of state law applying to	
22	state banks.	
23	SECTION 33. IC 28-2-14-18, AS AMENDED BY P.L.217-2007,	
24	SECTION 53, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
25	JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 18. (a) As used in this section, "affiliate" includes	
26	the following:	
27	(1) A financial institution.	
28	(2) Any company that controls a financial institution and any	V
29	other company that is controlled by the company that controls a	
30	financial institution.	
31	(3) A bank subsidiary of a financial institution.	
32	(4) Any company:	
33	(A) that is controlled directly or indirectly, by a trust or	
34	otherwise, by or for the benefit of shareholders who	
35	beneficially or otherwise control, directly or indirectly, by trust	
36	or otherwise, the financial institution or any company that	
37	controls the financial institution; or	
38	(B) in which a majority of the company's directors or trustees	
39	constitute a majority of the persons holding any such office	
40	with a financial institution or any company that controls the	
41	financial institution.	
42	(5) Any:	



1	(A) company, including a real estate investment trust, that is
2	sponsored and advised on a contractual basis by the financial
3	institution or any subsidiary or affiliate of the financial
4	institution; or
5	(B) investment company with respect to which a financial
6	institution or any affiliate of a financial institution is an
7	investment advisor (as defined in section 2(a)(20) of the
8	Investment Company Act of 1940 (15 U.S.C. 80a)).
9	(6) Any company that the department determines by regulation or
10	order to have a relationship with the financial institution or any
11	subsidiary or affiliate of the financial institution, such that
12	covered transactions by the financial institution or its subsidiary
13	with that company may be affected by the relationship to the
14	detriment of the financial institution or its subsidiary.
15	(b) The term "affiliate" does not include the following:
16	(1) Any company engaged solely in holding the premises of the
17	financial institution.
18	(2) Any company engaged solely in conducting a safe deposit
19	business.
20	(3) Any company engaged solely in holding obligations of the
21	United States or its agencies or obligations fully guaranteed by the
22	United States or its agencies as to principal and interest.
23	(4) Any company whose control of a financial institution results
24	from the exercise of rights arising from a bona fide debt
25	previously contracted for. The exemption provided by this
26	subdivision applies only:
27	(A) for the period specifically authorized under applicable
28	state or federal law or regulation; or
29	(B) in the absence of a law or regulation described in clause
30	(A), for a period of two (2) years after:
31	(i) the date of the company's exercise of the rights arising
32	from the debt; or
33	(ii) the effective date of the company's action under item (i);
34	whichever is later.
35	Upon application by the company or the financial institution, the
36	department may authorize, for good cause shown, an extension of
37	the period of exemption allowed under this subdivision.
38	Extensions granted by the department under this subdivision may
39	not exceed three (3) years in total.
40	(c) As used in this section, "financial institution" means any of the

following that is organized or reorganized under the laws of the United

States or any state (as defined in IC 28-2-17-19) and that has been



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1	granted fiduciary powers:
2	(1) A bank.
3	(2) A bank and trust company.
4	(3) A savings bank.
5	(4) A trust company.
6	(5) A corporate fiduciary.
7	(6) An industrial loan and investment company.
8	(7) A savings association.
9	(8) A bank of discount and deposit.
10	(9) A loan and trust and safe deposit company.
11	(d) As used in this section, "trust business" means all rights, powers,
12	and duties granted to or imposed on a financial institution in the
13	exercise of its fiduciary powers, including the following:
14	(1) The authority to act as:
15	(A) the administrator, coadministrator, executor, coexecutor,
16	trustee, or cotrustee of or in respect to any estate or trust;
17	(B) the guardian of any person or estate that is being
18	administered under Indiana law;
19	(C) an agent;
20	(D) a custodian (including custodian under the Indiana
21	Uniform Gifts to Minors Act); or
22	(E) an attorney-in-fact.
23	The authority conferred by this subdivision includes any other
24	duties, powers, and appointments regularly administered by,
25	granted to, or conferred upon trust departments established and
26	maintained under IC 28-1-12-3(a) or the departments of national
27	banks and other financial institutions that are authorized to
28	exercise fiduciary powers.
29	(2) All rights, powers, and duties arising from having been named
30	or designated in any capacity described in subdivision (1) in any
31	will or other writing whenever executed, including wills and other
32	writings naming the predecessor affiliate that are executed after
33	the effective date of the resolution anticipated by subsection (e).
34	(e) The board of directors of any bank holding company or other
35	company that controls a financial institution may adopt a resolution to
36	cause an affiliate it controls affiliated financial institution to succeed
37	to part or all of the trust business of another affiliate it controls. If a
38	financial institution is not controlled by another company, the board of
39	directors of the financial institution may adopt a resolution to cause
40	part or all of its trust business to succeed to an affiliate. affiliated
41	financial institution. If the board of directors adopts such a resolution
42	and files a certified copy of it as required by subsection (f), the



successor affiliate becomes successor fiduciary in place of the predecessor affiliate with all the rights, powers, and duties that were granted to or imposed on the predecessor affiliate. The rights, powers, and duties vest in the successor affiliate, after the taking effect of the succession, irrespective of the date upon which the relation is established, and irrespective of the date of any related written agreement establishing the relationship or of the date of the death of any decedent whose estate is being so administered. Nothing done in connection with the succession effects a renunciation or revocation of any letters of administration or letters testamentary pertaining to the relation, nor does it effect a removal or resignation from the executorship, trusteeship, or other fiduciary relationship.

(f) If a resolution is adopted under this section, the board of directors shall file a certified copy of the resolution with the department. The board of directors may file the copy in person or by certified mail. The effective date of the succession to part or all of the trust business, as set forth in the resolution, is the date provided in the resolution, which must not be before or more than thirty (30) days after the date of filing of the resolution. If the resolution provides no effective date, the effective date is the date of filing.

SECTION 34. IC 28-5-1-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.141-2005, SECTION 9, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 4. (a) As used in this section:

"Automated teller facility" means electronic or mechanical equipment that performs routine transactions for the public at locations off premises of the principal office or branch office of a company that holds a certificate to engage in business under this chapter and that is authorized to issue, negotiate, and sell certificates of investment or indebtedness.

"Branch" means any office, agency, mobile unit, messenger service, or other place of business at which:

- (1) payments into certificates of investment or indebtedness deposits are received;
- (2) checks, negotiable or transferable instruments or orders, or similar instruments, are paid; or
- (3) money is lent.

However, the term does not include the principal office of a company or an automated teller facility.

"Financial institution" has the same meaning as in IC 28-1-1-3.

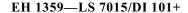
(b) Any domestic corporation organized under the general corporation laws of Indiana may engage in business as an industrial loan and investment company subject to the limitations and restrictions

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2.8

45 1 set forth in this chapter. The department may issue a certificate 2 authorizing a corporation to engage in business under this chapter after 3 the department considers and investigates all the following: 4 (1) The financial standing and character of the incorporators, 5 organizers, directors, principal shareholders, or controlling 6 corporations. 7 (2) The character, qualifications, and experience of the officers 8 and directors of the corporation. 9 (3) The future earnings prospects for the proposed corporation in 10 the community in which the corporation will be located. 11 (4) The adequacy of the corporation's capital. 12 If the department determines any of the factors described in 13 subdivisions (1) through (4) unfavorably, the department may not issue 14 a certificate authorizing the corporation to engage in business under 15 this chapter. Certificates issued under this section must state whether 16 the corporation is authorized to issue, negotiate, and sell certificates of 17 investment or indebtedness, accept deposits and, if not, must provide 18 that the corporation may do business under this article only as 19 restricted by section 21 of this chapter. 20 (c) Any company that is authorized to issue, negotiate, and sell 21 certificates of investment or indebtedness accept deposits and that 22 holds a certificate to engage in business under this chapter is entitled 23 to establish one (1) or more branches de novo and one (1) or more 24 branches by acquisition in any location or locations within Indiana, at 25 which any business of the company may be transacted to the same 26 extent as at the principal office of the company. 27 (d) As a condition to the establishment and operation of a branch or 28 branches under this section, the company must: 29 (1) obtain prior written approval of the department; 30 (2) operate each branch under the correct name of the company 31 and its name must contain in addition the word "branch"; and 32 (3) demonstrate that the applicant company will have adequate 33 capital, sound management, and adequate future earnings 34

prospects after the establishment of the branch.

(e) The location of the principal office or any branch established under this section may be changed at any time when authorized by the board of directors of the company and approved by the department.

(f) Any company desiring to open or establish one (1) or more branches or change location of an existing branch or the principal office must file a written application therefor, in such form and containing such information as may be prescribed by the department. If the department determines that the requirements of subsection (d)



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have been satisfied, the department may in its discretion approve the application.

- (g) A company is entitled to open or establish an automated teller facility in any location within Indiana or as permitted by the laws of the state in which the automated teller machine is to be located. An automated teller facility may be owned or operated individually by any company or jointly on a cost sharing or fee basis.
- (h) A branch by acquisition may be established under this section only if done in compliance with applicable provisions of IC 28-1-7 or IC 28-1-8.
- (i) A company that is authorized to issue, negotiate, and sell certificates of investment or indebtedness accept deposits and that holds a certificate to engage in business under this chapter is entitled to establish one (1) or more branches de novo and one (1) or more branches by acquisition in any location outside Indiana. Any business of the company may be transacted at a branch established under this subsection to the same extent as at the principal office of the company, subject to IC 28-2-18-19.

SECTION 35. IC 28-5-1-19 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 19. A company may not engage in the banking or trust business, operate a savings bank, commercial bank or trust company, advertise or hold itself out to the public as a bank, savings bank or trust company, or use the word "bank" in connection with its name or business in any of its advertising or literature. A company may not accept deposits or "savings accounts" or advertise or hold itself out to the public as accepting deposits of money or "savings accounts", unless the company maintains federal deposit insurance, as authorized by section $\frac{6(a)(17)}{6(a)(16)}$ of this chapter. A company may not advertise, print, display, publish, distribute, or broadcast or cause or permit to be advertised, printed, displayed, published, distributed, or broadcast, in any manner whatsoever, any statement or representation with regard to the rates, terms, or conditions for the lending of money, credit, goods, or things in action which is false, misleading, or calculated to deceive. If any company refers in any advertising matter to the rate of charge upon loans to be made by it, the department may require such company to state such rate of charge fully and clearly in such manner as it may deem necessary to prevent misunderstanding thereof by prospective borrowers. The department may order any company to desist from any conduct which it shall find to be a violation of this section.

SECTION 36. IC 28-6.2-1-10.1 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS

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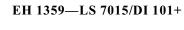
1	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 10.1. "Federal mutual holding	
2	company" means a mutual savings bank holding company that:	
3	(1) is organized or reorganized under the laws of the United	
4	States;	
5	(2) is regulated by the Office of Thrift Supervision or its	
6	successor; and	
7	(3) has control over a savings bank.	
8	SECTION 37. IC 28-6.2-2-1.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA	
9	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS	
10	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 1.5. A mutual savings bank may,	
11	upon application to and with the approval by the department and	
12	the Office of Thrift Supervision, reorganize as a federal mutual	
13	holding company by undertaking a transaction or series of	
14	transactions substantially similar to those set forth in section 1 of	
15	this chapter.	
16	SECTION 38. IC 28-7-1-0.5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.217-2007,	
17	SECTION 63, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
18	JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 0.5. The following definitions apply throughout	
19	this chapter:	
20	(1) "Automated teller machine" (ATM) means a piece of	
21	unmanned electronic or mechanical equipment that performs	
22	routine financial transactions for authorized individuals.	
23	(2) "Branch office" means an office, agency, or other place of	
24	business at which deposits are received, share drafts are paid, or	_
25	money is lent to members of a credit union. The term does not	
26	include:	
27	(A) the principal office of a credit union;	
28	(B) the principal office of a credit union affiliate;	
29	(C) a branch office of a credit union affiliate;	
30	(D) an automated teller machine; or	
31	(E) a night depository.	
32	(3) "Credit union" is a cooperative, nonprofit association,	
33	incorporated under this chapter, for the purposes of educating its	
34	members in the concepts of thrift and to encourage savings among	
35	its members. A credit union should provide a source of credit at	
36	a fair and reasonable rate of interest and provide an opportunity	
37	for its members to use and control their own money in order to	
38	improve their economic and social condition.	
39	(4) "Department" refers to the department of financial institutions.	
40	(5) "Surplus" means the credit balance of undivided earnings after	
41	losses. The term does not include statutory reserves.	
42	(6) "Unimpaired shares" means paid in shares less any losses for	



1	which no reserve exists and for which there is no charge against	
2	undivided earnings.	
3	(7) "Related credit union service organization" means, in	
4	reference to a credit union, a credit union service organization in	
5	which the credit union has invested under section 9(3)(J) of this	
6	chapter.	
7	(8) "Premises" means any office, branch office, suboffice, service	
8	center, parking lot, real estate, or other facility where the credit	
9	union transacts or will transact business.	
10	(9) "Furniture, fixtures, and equipment" means office furnishings,	
11	office machines, computer hardware, computer software,	
12	automated terminals, and heating and cooling equipment.	
13	(10) "Fixed assets" means:	
14	(A) premises; and	
15	(B) furniture, fixtures, and equipment.	
16	(11) "Audit period" means a twelve (12) month period designated	
17	by the board of directors of a credit union.	
18	(12) "Community" means:	
19	(A) a second class city;	
20	(B) a third class city;	
21	(C) a town;	
22	(D) a county other than a county containing a consolidated	
23	city;	
24	(E) a census tract;	
25	(F) a township; or	
26	(G) any other municipal corporation (as defined in	
27	IC 36-1-2-10).	
28	(13) "Control of a related interest" refers to a situation in which	V
29	an individual directly or indirectly, or through or in concert with	
30	one (1) or more other individuals, possesses any of the following:	
31	(A) The ownership of, control of, or power to vote at least	
32	twenty-five percent (25%) of any class of voting securities of	
33	the related interest.	
34	(B) The control in any manner of the election of a majority of	
35	the directors of the related interest.	
36	(C) The power to exercise a controlling influence over the	
37	management or policies of the related interest. For purposes of	
38	this clause, an individual is presumed to have control,	
39	including the power to exercise a controlling influence over	
40	the management or policies of a related interest, if the	
41	individual:	
42	(i) is an executive officer or a director of the related interest	



1	and directly or indirectly owns, controls, or has the power to	
2	vote more than ten percent (10%) of any class of voting	
3	securities of the related interest; or	
4	(ii) directly or indirectly owns, controls, or has the power to	
5	vote more than ten percent (10%) of any class of voting	
6	securities of the related interest and no other person owns,	
7	controls, or has the power to vote a greater percentage of	
8	that class of voting securities.	
9	(14) "Executive officer" includes any of the following officers of	
10	a credit union:	
11	(A) The chairman of the board of directors.	
12	(B) The president.	
13	(C) A vice president.	
14	(D) The cashier.	
15	(E) The secretary.	
16	(F) The treasurer.	
17	(15) "Immediate family", for purposes of section 17.1 of this	
18	chapter, means the spouse of an individual, the individual's minor	
19	children, and any of the individual's children, including adults,	
20	residing in the individual's home.	
21	(16) "Officer" means any individual who participates or has the	
22	authority to participate in major policymaking functions of a	
23	credit union, regardless of whether:	
24	(A) the individual has an official title;	
25	(B) the individual's title designates the individual as an	
26	assistant; or	
27	(C) the individual is serving without salary or other	,
28	compensation.	
29	(17) "Related interest", with respect to an individual, means:	1
30	(A) a partnership, a corporation, or another business	
31	organization that is controlled by the individual; or	
32	(B) a political campaign committee:	
33	(i) controlled by the individual; or	
34	(ii) the funds or services of which benefit the individual.	
35	(18) Except as provided in section 9(3)(J) of this chapter,	
36	"unimpaired "capital and unimpaired surplus" means the sum of:	
37	(A) undivided profits;	
38	(B) reserve for contingencies;	
39	(C) regular reserve; and	
40	(D) allowance for loan and lease losses.	
41	SECTION 39. IC 28-7-1-9, AS AMENDED BY P.L.217-2007,	
42	SECTION 64, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	





1	JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 9. A credit union has the following powers:	
2	(1) To issue shares of its capital stock to its members. No	
3	commission or compensation shall be paid for securing members	
4	or for the sale of shares.	
5	(2) To make loans to officers, directors, or committee members	
6	under section 17.1 of this chapter.	
7	(3) To invest in any of the following:	
8	(A) Bonds, notes, or certificates that are the direct or indirect	
9	obligations of the United States, or of the state, or the direct	
10	obligations of a county, township, city, town, or other taxing	
11	district or municipality or instrumentality of Indiana and that	
12	are not in default.	
13	(B) Bonds or debentures issued by the Federal Home Loan	
14	Bank Act (12 U.S.C. 1421 through 1449) or the Home Owners'	
15	Loan Act (12 U.S.C. 1461 through 1468).	
16	(C) Interest-bearing obligations of the FSLIC Resolution Fund	
17	and obligations of national mortgage associations issued under	
18	the authority of the National Housing Act.	
19	(D) Mortgages on real estate situated in Indiana which are	
20	fully insured under Title 2 of the National Housing Act (12	
21	U.S.C. 1707 through 1715z).	
22	(E) Obligations issued by farm credit banks and banks for	
23	cooperatives under the Farm Credit Act of 1971 (12 U.S.C.	
24	2001 through 2279aa-14).	_
25	(F) In savings and loan associations, other credit unions that	
26	are insured under IC 28-7-1-31.5, and certificates of	
27	indebtedness or investment of an industrial loan and	
28	investment company if the association or company is federally	
29	insured. Not more than twenty percent (20%) of the assets of	
30	a credit union may be invested in the shares or certificates of	
31	an association or company; nor more than forty percent (40%)	
32	in all such associations and companies.	
33	(G) Corporate credit unions.	
34	(H) Federal funds or similar types of daily funds transactions	
35	with other financial institutions.	
36	(I) Mutual funds created and controlled by credit unions, credit	
37	union associations, or their subsidiaries. Mutual funds referred	
38	to in this clause may invest only in instruments that are	
39	approved for credit union purchase under this chapter.	
40	(J) Shares, stocks, or obligations of any credit union service	
41	organization (as defined in Section 712 of the Rules and	
42	Regulations of the National Credit Union Administration) with	



1	the approval of the department. Not more than ten percent
2	(10%) of the total paid in and unimpaired capital and surplus
3	and unimpaired shares of the credit union may be invested
4	under this clause. However, a credit union may invest more
5	than ten percent (10%) of the total paid in and unimpaired
6	capital and surplus and unimpaired shares with the prior
7	approval of the department. For purposes of this clause,
8	"unimpaired capital and unimpaired shares" has the meaning
9	set forth in 12 CFR 700.2.
10	(K) For a credit union that is well capitalized (as defined in
11	Section 702 of the Rules and Regulations of the National
12	Credit Union Administration), investment securities, as may
13	be defined by a policy or rule of the department and subject to
14	the following:
15	(i) The department may prescribe, by policy or rule,
16	limitations or restrictions on a credit union's investment in
17	investment securities.
18	(ii) The total amount of any investment securities purchased
19	or held by a credit union may never exceed at any given time
20	ten percent (10%) of the unimpaired capital and surplus of
21	the credit union. However, the limitations imposed by this
22	item do not apply to investments in the direct or indirect
23	obligations of the United States or in the direct obligations
24	of a United States territory or insular possession, or in the
25	direct obligations of the state or any municipal corporation
26	or taxing district in Indiana.
27	(iii) A credit union may not purchase for its own account
28	any bond, note, or other evidence of indebtedness that is
29	commonly designated as a security that is speculative in
30	character or that has speculative characteristics. For the
31	purposes of this item, a security is speculative or has
32	speculative characteristics if at the time of purchase the
33	security is in default or is rated below the first four (4) rating
34	classes by a generally recognized security rating service.
35	(iv) A credit union may purchase for its own account a
36	security that is not rated by a generally recognized security
37	rating service if the credit union at the time of purchase
38	obtains financial information that is adequate to document
39	the investment quality of the security.
40	(v) A credit union that purchases a security for its own
41	account shall maintain sufficient records of the security to

allow the security to be properly identified by the



1	department for examination purposes.	
2	(vi) Except as otherwise authorized by this title, a credit	
3	union may not purchase any share of stock of a corporation.	
4	(L) Collateralized obligations that are eligible for purchase and	
5	sale by federal credit unions. However, a credit union may	
6	purchase for its own account and sell the obligations only to	
7	the extent that a federal credit union can purchase and sell	
8	those obligations.	
9	(4) To deposit its funds into:	
10	(A) depository institutions that are federally insured; or	
11	(B) state chartered credit unions that are privately insured by	
12	an insurer approved by the department.	
13	(5) To purchase, hold, own, or convey real estate as may be	
14	conveyed to the credit union in satisfaction of debts previously	
15	contracted or in exchange for real estate conveyed to the credit	
16	union.	
17	(6) To own, hold, or convey real estate as may be purchased by	
18	the credit union upon judgment in its favor or decrees of	
19	foreclosure upon mortgages.	
20	(7) To issue shares of stock and upon the terms, conditions,	
21	limitations, and restrictions and with the relative rights as may be	
22	stated in the bylaws of the credit union, but no stock may have	
23	preference or priority over the other to share in the assets of the	
24	credit union upon liquidation or dissolution or for the payment of	
25	dividends except as to the amount of the dividends and the time	
26	for the payment of the dividends as provided in the bylaws.	
27	(8) To charge the member's share account for the actual cost of a	
28	necessary locator service when the member has failed to keep the	
29	credit union informed about the member's current address. The	
30	charge shall be made only for amounts paid to a person or concern	
31	normally engaged in providing such service, and shall be made	
32	against the account or accounts of any one (1) member not more	
33	than once in any twelve (12) month period.	
34	(9) To transfer to an accounts payable account, a dormant	
35	account, or a special account share accounts which have been	
36	inactive, except for dividend credits, for a period of at least two	
37	(2) years. The credit union shall not consider the payment of	
38	dividends on the transferred account.	
39	(10) To invest in fixed assets with the funds of the credit union.	
40	An investment in fixed assets in excess of five percent (5%) of its	
41	assets is subject to the approval of the department.	
12	(11) To actablish branch offices, upon approval of the department	



1	provided that all books of account shall be maintained at the
2	principal office.
3	(12) To pay an interest refund on loans proportionate to the
4	interest paid during the dividend period by borrowers who are
5	members at the end of the dividend period.
6	(13) To purchase life savings and loan protection insurance for
7	the benefit of the credit union and its members, if:
8	(A) the coverage is placed with an insurance company licensed
9	to do business in Indiana; and
10	(B) no officer, director, or employee of the credit union
11	personally benefits, directly or indirectly, from the sale or
12	purchase of the coverage.
13	(14) To sell and cash negotiable checks, travelers checks, and
14	money orders for members.
15	(15) To purchase members' notes from any liquidating credit
16	union, with written approval from the department, at prices agreed
17	upon by the boards of directors of both the liquidating and the
18	purchasing credit unions. However, the aggregate of the unpaid
19	balances of all notes of liquidating credit unions purchased by any
20	one (1) credit union shall not exceed ten percent (10%) of its
21	unimpaired the purchasing credit union's capital and surplus
22	unless special written authorization has been granted by the
23	department.
24	(16) To exercise such incidental powers necessary or requisite to
25	enable it to carry on effectively the business for which it is
26	incorporated.
27	(17) To act as a custodian or trustee of any trust created or
28	organized in the United States and forming part of a tax
29	advantaged savings plan which qualifies or qualified for specific
30	tax treatment under Section 223, 401(d), 408, 408A, or 530 of the
31	Internal Revenue Code, if the funds of the trust are invested only
32	in share accounts or insured certificates of the credit union.
33	(18) To issue shares of its capital stock or insured certificates to
34	a trustee or custodian of a pension plan, profit sharing plan, or
35	stock bonus plan which qualifies for specific tax treatment under
36	Sections 401(d) or 408(a) of the Internal Revenue Code.
37	(19) A credit union may exercise any rights and privileges that
38	are:
39	(A) granted to federal credit unions; but
40	(B) not authorized for credit unions under the Indiana Code
41	(except for this section) or any rule adopted under the Indiana
42	Code;



1	if the credit union complies with section 9.2 of this chapter.
2	(20) To sell, pledge, or discount any of its assets. However, a
3	credit union may not pledge any of its assets as security for the
4	safekeeping and prompt payment of any money deposited, except
5	that a credit union may, for the safekeeping and prompt payment
6	of money deposited, give security as authorized by federal law.
7	(21) To purchase assets of another credit union and to assume the
8	liabilities of the selling credit union.
9	(22) To act as a fiscal agent of the United States and to receive
10	deposits from nonmember units of the federal, state, or county
11	governments, from political subdivisions, and from other credit
12	unions upon which the credit union may pay varying interest rates
13	at varying maturities subject to terms, rates, and conditions that
14	are established by the board of directors. However, the total
15	amount of public funds received from units of state and county
16	governments and political subdivisions that a credit union may
17	have on deposit may not exceed twenty percent (20%) of the total
18	assets of that credit union, excluding those public funds.
19	(23) To join the National Credit Union Administration Central
20	Liquidity Facility.
21	(24) To participate in community investment initiatives under the
22	administration of organizations:
23	(A) exempt from taxation under Section 501(c)(3) of the
24	Internal Revenue Code; and
25	(B) located or conducting activities in communities in which
26	the credit union does business.
27	Participation may be in the form of either charitable contributions
28	or participation loans. In either case, disbursement of funds
29	through the administering organization is not required to be
30	limited to members of the credit union. Total contributions or
31	participation loans may not exceed one tenth of one percent
32	(0.001) of total assets of the credit union. A recipient of a
33	contribution or loan is not considered qualified for credit union
34	membership. A contribution or participation loan made under this
35	subdivision must be approved by the board of directors.
36	(25) To establish and operate an automated teller machine
37	(ATM):
38	(A) at any location within Indiana; or
39	(B) as permitted by the laws of the state in which the
40	automated teller machine is to be located.
41	(26) To demand and receive, for the faithful performance and
42	discharge of services performed under the powers vested in the



1	credit union by this article:	
2	(A) reasonable compensation, or compensation as fixed by	
3	agreement of the parties;	
4	(B) all advances necessarily paid out and expended in the	
5	discharge and performance of its duties; and	
6	(C) unless otherwise agreed upon, interest at the legal rate on	
7	the advances referred to in clause (B).	
8	(27) Subject to any restrictions the department may impose, to	
9	become the owner or lessor of personal property acquired upon	
10	the request and for the use of a member and to incur additional	
11	obligations as may be incident to becoming an owner or lessor of	
12	such property.	
13	SECTION 40. IC 28-7-1-17.1, AS ADDED BY P.L.141-2005,	
14	SECTION 17, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
15	JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 17.1. (a) Subject to subsection (b), A credit union	_
16	may make a loan to the credit union's individual officers, directors and	
17	committee members under the following terms and conditions:	
18	(1) The loan must comply with all requirements under this chapter	
19	that apply to loans made to other borrowers.	
20	(2) The loan may not be on terms more favorable than those	
21	extended to other borrowers.	
22	(3) The borrower may not:	
23	(A) take part in the consideration of; or	
24	(B) vote on;	_
25	the borrower's loan application.	
26	(4) Except as provided in subsection (b), a credit union may not	
27	make a loan under this section to an individual, the individual's	
28	immediate family, or the individual's related interests if the	
29	amount of the loan, either by itself or when added to the amounts	
30	of all other loans made under this section to the individual, the	
31	individual's immediate family, or the individual's related interests,	
32	exceeds the greater of:	
33	(A) five percent (5%) of the credit union's unimpaired capital	
34	and surplus; or	
35	(B) twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000);	
36	unless the loan is first approved by the credit union's board of	
37	directors.	
38	(5) A credit union may not make a loan under this section to an	
39	individual, the individual's immediate family, or the individual's	
40	related interests if the amount of the loan, either by itself or when	
41	added to the amounts of all other loans made under this section to	
12	the individual, the individual's immediate family, or the	



1	individual's related interests, exceeds the lending limits set forth
2	in IC 28-7-1-39.
3	(6) Subject to subsection (b), The total amount of all loans made
4	under this section may not exceed the credit union's unimpaired
5	capital and surplus. However, the limit set forth in this
6	subdivision does not apply to either of the following:
7	(A) A loan, in any amount, secured by a perfected security
8	interest in bonds, notes, certificates of indebtedness, or
9	treasury bills of the United States or in other obligations
10	fully guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United
11	States.
12	(B) A loan, in any amount, secured by a perfected security
13	interest in a segregated deposit account in the lending
14	credit union.
15	(b) The limits set forth in subsections Approval by the board of
16	directors under subsection (a)(4) and $(a)(6)$ do not apply to any of the
17	following: (1) is not required for an extension of credit made under
18	a line of credit approved under subsection (a)(4) if the extension of
19	credit is made not later than fourteen (14) months after the line of
20	credit was approved.
21	(2) A loan, in any amount, to finance the education of an
22	individual's child.
23	(3) A loan, in any amount, to finance or refinance the purchase,
24	construction, maintenance, or improvement of a residence of the
25	individual, if:
26	(A) the loan is secured by a first lien on the residence and the
27	residence is owned, or will be owned after the loan is made, by
28	the individual; and
29	(B) in the case of a refinancing, the loan includes only the
30	amount used to repay the original loan, plus any closing costs
31	and any additional amount used for any purpose described in
32	this subdivision.
33	(4) A loan, in any amount, secured by a perfected security interest
34	in bonds, notes, certificates of indebtedness, or treasury bills of
35	the United States or in other obligations fully guaranteed as to
36	principal and interest by the United States.
37	(5) A loan, in any amount, secured by a perfected security interest
38	in a segregated deposit account in the lending credit union.
39	(6) A loan made to an individual, the individual's immediate
40	family, or the individual's related interests, for any other purpose,
41	if the total amount of loans to the individual, the individual's
42	immediate family, or the individual's related interests under this



1	section does not exceed, at any given time, the greater of:	
2	(A) two and one-half percent (2.5%) of the credit union's	
3	unimpaired capital and unimpaired surplus; or	
4	(B) twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000);	
5	but in no event more than one hundred thousand dollars	
6	(\$100,000).	
7	(c) At least quarterly, the president or manager shall prepare and	
8	deliver to the board of directors a report listing the outstanding	
9	indebtedness of all officers, directors, and committee members. A	
10	report prepared under this subsection must be retained at the credit	
11	union for three (3) years and shall not be filed with the department	
12	unless specifically requested. A report required by this subsection must	
13	include:	
14	(1) the amount of each indebtedness; and	
15	(2) a description of the terms and conditions of each loan,	
16	including:	
17	(A) the interest rate;	
18	(B) the original amount and date of the loan;	
19	(C) the maturity date;	
20	(D) payment terms;	
21	(E) security, if any; and	
22	(F) any unusual term or condition of a particular extension of	0
23	credit.	
24	(d) (c) The department may apply the provisions of 12 CFR 215	_
25	(Regulation O) in applying and administering this section.	
26	SECTION 41. IC 28-7-1-17.2 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA	
27	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS	
28	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 17.2. (a) A credit union may make	V
29	a loan to the credit union's individual officers under the following	
30	terms and conditions:	
31	(1) The loan must comply with all requirements under this	
32	chapter that apply to loans made to other borrowers.	
33	(2) The loan may not be on terms more favorable than those	
34	extended to other borrowers unless the loan is made in	
35	connection with a benefit or compensation plan that:	
36	(A) is widely available to employees of the credit union;	
37	and	
38	(B) does not give preference to any officers of the credit	
39	union over other employees of the credit union.	
40	(3) The loan must be promptly reported to the credit union's	
41	board of directors.	
42	(4) A loan to the officer the officer's immediate family or the	



1	officer's related interests, either by itself or when added to the
2	amounts of all other loans made under this section to the
3	officer, the officer's immediate family, or the officer's related
4	interests, for any purpose, may not exceed, at any given time,
5	the greater of:
6	(A) two and one-half percent (2.5%) of the credit union's
7	capital and unimpaired surplus; or
8	(B) twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000);
9	but in no event more than one hundred thousand dollars
10	(\$100,000).
11	(b) The limits set forth in subsection (a)(4) do not apply to any
12	of the following:
13	(1) An extension of credit made under a line of credit
14	approved under this section if the extension of credit is made
15	not later than fourteen (14) months after the line of credit was
16	approved.
17	(2) A loan, in any amount, to finance the education of an
18	officer's child.
19	(3) A loan, in any amount, to finance or refinance the
20	purchase, construction, maintenance, or improvement of a
21	residence of an officer, if:
22	(A) the loan is secured by a first lien on the residence and
23	the residence is owned, or will be owned after the loan is
24	made, by the officer; and
25	(B) in the case of a refinancing, the loan includes only the
26	amount used to repay the original loan, plus any closing
27	costs and any additional amount used for any purpose
28	described in this subdivision.
29	(4) A loan, in any amount, secured by a perfected security
30	interest in bonds, notes, certificates of indebtedness, or
31	treasury bills of the United States or in other obligations fully
32	guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States.
33	(5) A loan, in any amount, secured by a perfected security
34	interest in a segregated deposit account in the lending credit
35	union.
36	(c) A credit union may not make a loan under this section to an
37	officer, the officer's immediate family, or the officer's related
38	interests if the amount of the loan, either by itself or when added
39	to the amounts of all other loans made under this section to the
40	officer, the officer's immediate family, or the officer's related
41	interests, exceeds the lending limits set forth in IC 28-7-1-39.
12	(d) The department may apply the provisions of 12 CFR 215



1	(Regulation O) in applying and administering this section.	
2	SECTION 42. IC 28-7-1-17.3 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA	
3	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS	
4	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 17.3. At least quarterly, the	
5	president or manager shall prepare and deliver to the board of	
6	directors a report listing the outstanding indebtedness of all	
7	officers, directors, and committee members. A report prepared	
8	under this subsection must be retained at the credit union for three	
9	(3) years and shall not be filed with the department unless	
10	specifically requested. A report required by this section must	1
11	include:	
12	(1) the amount of each indebtedness; and	
13	(2) a description of the terms and conditions of each loan,	
14	including:	
15	(A) the interest rate;	
16	(B) the original amount and date of the loan;	-
17	(C) the maturity date;	
18	(D) payment terms;	
19	(E) security, if any; and	
20	(F) any unusual term or condition of a particular extension	
21	of credit.	
22	SECTION 43. IC 28-7-1-22 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	
23	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 22. A credit union may	
24	borrow from any source. The total borrowing of a credit union may not	ı
25	at any time exceed fifty per cent (50%) of the unimpaired shares	
26	capital and surplus and reserve fund of the credit union.	
27	SECTION 44. IC 28-7-1-39, AS AMENDED BY P.L.1-2006,	1
28	SECTION 493, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS	
29	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 39. (a) As used in this section,	1
30	"loans and extensions of credit" includes all direct or indirect advances	
31	of funds made to a member on the basis of:	
32	(1) an obligation of the member to repay the funds; or	
33	(2) a pledge of specific property by or on behalf of the member	
34	and from which the funds advanced are repayable.	
35	The term includes any contractual liability of a credit union to advance	
36	funds to or on behalf of a member, to the extent specified by the	
37	department.	
38	(b) As used in this section, "member" includes an individual, a sole	
39	proprietorship, a partnership, a joint venture, an association, a trust, an	

estate, a business trust, a limited liability company, a corporation, a

sovereign government, or an agency, instrumentality, or political

subdivision of a sovereign government, or any similar entity or



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- (c) Except as provided in subsection (e), the total loans and extensions of credit by a credit union to a member outstanding at any given time and not fully secured, as determined in a manner consistent with subsection (d), by collateral with a market value at least equal to the amount of the loan or extension of credit may not exceed fifteen percent (15%) of the unimpaired capital and unimpaired surplus of the credit union.
- (d) Except as provided in subsection (e), the total loans and extensions of credit by a credit union to a member outstanding at any given time and fully secured by readily marketable collateral having a market value, as determined by reliable and continuously available price quotations, at least equal to the amount of funds outstanding may not exceed ten percent (10%) of the unimpaired capital and unimpaired surplus of the credit union. The limitation in this subsection is separate from and in addition to the limitation set forth in subsection (c).
- (e) The limitations set forth in subsections (c) and (d) are subject to the following exceptions:
 - (1) Loans or extensions of credit arising from the discount of commercial or business paper evidencing an obligation to the member negotiating it with recourse are not subject to any limitation based on capital and surplus.
 - (2) The purchase of bankers' acceptances of the kind described in 12 U.S.C. 372 and issued by a financial institution organized or reorganized under the laws of Indiana or any other state or the United States are not subject to any limitation based on capital and surplus.
 - (3) Loans or extensions of credit secured by bills of lading, warehouse receipts, or similar documents transferring or securing title to readily marketable staples are subject to a limitation of thirty-five percent (35%) of capital and surplus in addition to the general limitations if the market value of the staples securing each additional loan or extension of credit at all times equals or exceeds one hundred fifteen percent (115%) of the outstanding amount of the loan or extension of credit. The staples shall be fully covered by insurance whenever it is customary to insure such staples.
 - (4) Loans or extensions of credit secured by bonds, notes, certificates of indebtedness, or Treasury bills of the United States or by any other obligation fully guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States are not subject to any limitation based on capital and surplus.













1	(5) Loans or extensions of credit to or secured by unconditional
2	takeout commitment or guarantees of any department, agency,
3	bureau, board, commission, or establishment of the United States
4	or any corporation wholly owned directly or indirectly by the
5	United States are not subject to any limitation based on capital
6	and surplus.
7	(6) Loans or extensions of credit secured by a segregated deposit
8	account in the lending credit union are not subject to any
9	limitation based on capital and surplus.
10	(7) Loans or extensions of credit to any credit union, when the
11	loans or extensions of credit are approved by the director of the
12	department, are not subject to any limitation based on capital and
13	surplus.
14	(8) Loans or extensions of credit to the Student Loan Marketing
15	Association are not subject to any limitation based on capital and
16	surplus.
17	(f) Loans or extensions of credit arising from the discount of
18	negotiable or nonnegotiable installment consumer paper that carries a
19	full recourse endorsement or unconditional guarantee by the member
20	transferring the paper are subject under this section to a maximum
21	limitation equal to twenty-five percent (25%) of the capital and surplus,
22	notwithstanding the collateral requirements set forth in subsection (d).
23	(g) If the credit union's files or the knowledge of the credit union's
24	officers of the financial condition of each maker of consumer paper
25	described in subsection (f) is reasonably adequate, and an officer of the
26	credit union designated for that purpose by the board of directors of the
27	credit union certifies in writing that the credit union is relying primarily
28	upon the responsibility of each maker for payment of the loans or
29	extensions of credit and not upon any full or partial recourse
30	endorsement or guarantee by the transferor, the limitations of this
31	section as to the loans or extensions of credit of each maker shall be the
32	sole applicable loan limitations.
33	(h) Loans or extensions of credit secured by shipping documents or
34	instruments transferring or securing title covering livestock or giving
35	a lien on livestock when the market value of the livestock securing the
36	obligation is not at any time less than one hundred fifteen percent
37	(115%) of the face amount of the note covered are subject under this
38	section, notwithstanding the collateral requirements set forth in
39	subsection (d), to a maximum limitation equal to twenty-five percent

(i) Loans or extensions of credit that arise from the discount by

dealers in dairy cattle of paper given in payment for dairy cattle, which

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(25%) of the capital and surplus.



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paper carries a full recourse endorsement or unconditional guarantee of the seller and that are secured by the cattle being sold, are subject under this section, notwithstanding the collateral requirements set forth in subsection (d), to a limitation of twenty-five percent (25%) of the capital and surplus.

- (j) Except as otherwise provided, an officer, director, employee, or attorney of a credit union who stipulates for, receives, or consents or agrees to receive, any fee, commission, gift, or thing of value, from any person, for the purpose of procuring or endeavoring to procure for any member any loan from or the purchase or discount of any paper, note, draft, check, or bill of exchange by the credit union, commits a Class A misdemeanor.
- (k) Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, any credit union that holds obligations of indebtedness in violation of the limitations prescribed in this section shall, not later than July 1, 2006, cause the amount of the obligations to conform to the limitations prescribed by this chapter and by the provisions of this section. The department may, in its discretion, extend the time for effecting this conformity, in individual instances, if the interests of the depositors will be protected and served by an extension. Upon the failure of a credit union to comply with the limitations, in accordance with this section or in accordance with any order of the department concerning the limitations, the department may declare that the credit union is conducting its business in an unauthorized or unsafe manner and proceed in accordance with IC 28-1-3.1-2.
- (l) The department may apply the provisions of 12 CFR 32 in the application and administration of this chapter.

SECTION 45. IC 28-7-5-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.57-2006, SECTION 38, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 2. In this chapter, unless the context otherwise requires:

"Director" refers to the director of the department.

"Pawnbroker" means any person, partnership, association, **limited liability company**, or corporation lending money on the deposit or pledge of personal property, or who deals in the purchase of personal property on the condition of selling the property back again at a stipulated price, other than choses in action, securities, or printed evidence of indebtedness.

"Pledge" means personal property deposited with a pawnbroker as security for a loan.

"Pledger" means the person who delivers personal property into the possession of a pawnbroker as security for a loan unless such person

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discloses that the person is or was acting for another; and in such event "pledger" means the disclosed principal.

"Department" means the department of financial institutions.

"Person" means an any individual, a firm, an association, a limited liability company, a sole proprietorship, partnership, a joint stock association, a trust, or a joint venture, corporation, unincorporated organization, or other form of entity, however organized.

"Month" means a period extending from a given date in one (1) calendar month to the like date in the succeeding calendar month or, if there is no such like date, then to the last day of the succeeding calendar month. For purposes of this chapter, each month is considered to have thirty (30) days.

SECTION 46. IC 28-7-5-3 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 3. No person or entity shall engage in business as a pawnbroker, act as a pawnbroker, transact or solicit business as a pawnbroker, or use in an advertisement a word or statement that states or represents that the person or entity is a pawnbroker, except as authorized by this chapter and without first obtaining a license from the department.

SECTION 47. IC 28-7-5-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.217-2007, SECTION 68, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 4. (a) Application for a pawnbroker's license shall be submitted on a form prescribed by the department and must include all information required by the department. An application submitted under this section must identify the location or locations at which the applicant proposes to engage in business as a pawnbroker in Indiana. If any business, other than the business of acting as a pawnbroker under this chapter, will be conducted by the applicant or another person at any location identified under this subsection, the applicant shall indicate for each location at which another business will be conducted:

- (1) the nature of the other business;
- (2) the name under which the other business operates;
- (3) the address of the principal office of the other business;
- (4) the name and address of the business's resident agent in Indiana; and
- (5) any other information the director may require.
- (b) An application submitted under this section must indicate whether (1) the applicant any individual described in section 8(a)(2) or 8(a)(3) of this chapter at the time of the application:
 - (1) is under indictment for a felony involving fraud, deceit, or misrepresentation under the laws of Indiana or any other jurisdiction; or

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1	(2) has been convicted of or pleaded guilty or nolo contendere to	
2	a felony involving fraud, deceit, or misrepresentation under the	
3	laws of Indiana or any other jurisdiction.	
4	(c) The director may request that the applicant provide evidence of	
5	compliance with this section at:	
6	(1) the time of application;	
7	(2) the time of renewal of a license; or	
8	(3) any other time considered necessary by the director.	
9	(d) For purposes of subsection (c), evidence of compliance with this	
10	section may include:	1
11	(1) criminal background checks, including a national criminal	
12	history background check (as defined in IC 10-13-3-12) by the	
13	Federal Bureau of Investigation for any individual described in	
14	subsection (b);	
15	(2) credit histories; and	
16	(3) other background checks considered necessary by the director.	1
17	If the director requests a national criminal history background	1
18	check under subdivision (1) for a person described in that	
19	subdivision, the director shall require the individual to submit	
20	fingerprints to the department or to the state police department, as	
21	appropriate, at the time evidence of compliance is requested under	ı
22	subsection (c). The individual to whom the request is made shall	
23	pay any fees or costs associated with the fingerprints and the	
24	national criminal history background check. The national criminal	
25	history background check may be used by the director to	
26	determine the individual's compliance with this section. The	
27	director or the department may not release the results of the	1
28	national criminal history background check to any private entity.	
29	SECTION 48. IC 28-7-5-8, AS AMENDED BY P.L.57-2006,	١
30	SECTION 41, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
31	JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 8. (a) Upon an applicant's filing of the application	
32	required by section 4 of this chapter and payment of the license fee, if	
33	the department finds the financial standing, competence, business	
34	experience, and character of:	
35	(1) the applicant and any significant affiliate of the applicant;	
36	(2) each executive officer, director, or manager of the	
37	applicant, or any other individual having a similar status or	
38	performing a similar function for the applicant; and	
39	(3) if known, each person directly or indirectly owning of	
40	record or owning beneficially at least ten percent (10%) of the	

outstanding shares of any class of equity security of the



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applicant;

1	are such that the business will be operated honestly, fairly, and
2	efficiently and that the convenience and needs of the public exist for
3	the operation of the business in the community wherein the applicant
4	proposes to operate, it shall issue and deliver a license to the applicant,
5	which license shall authorize the applicant to engage in the business of
6	pawnbroking.
7	(b) The director is entitled to request evidence of compliance with
8	the requirements of this section by the licensee, including any affiliate
9	or person described in subsection (a), at:
10	(1) the time of issuance of the license;
11	(2) the time of renewal of the license; or
12	(3) any other time considered necessary by the director.
13	A license shall remain in effect until it is surrendered, revoked, or
14	suspended. If the department denies the application, it shall notify the
15	applicant of the denial and return the sum paid by the applicant as a
16	license fee. The department may hold a public hearing if the
17	department considers the hearing necessary.
18	(b) (c) The department may deny an application under this section
19	if the director determines that the application was submitted for the
20	benefit of, or on behalf of, a person who does not qualify for a license.
21	SECTION 49. IC 28-7-5-10.1, AS ADDED BY P.L.217-2007,
22	SECTION 69, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
23	JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 10.1. (a) A licensee that decides to cease engaging
24	in business as a pawnbroker in Indiana shall do the following not later
25	than thirty (30) days before closing the licensee's pawnbroking
26	business:
27	(1) Notify the department of:
28	(A) the licensee's intention to cease engaging in business as a
29	pawnbroker in Indiana; and
30	(B) the date on which the licensee's pawnbroking business will
31	cease.
32	(2) Surrender the license to the department.
33	(3) Provide the following to all pledgers that have loans
34	outstanding with the licensee:
35	(A) Notice of:
36	(i) the licensee's intention to cease engaging in business as
37	a pawnbroker in Indiana; and
38	(ii) the date on which the licensee's pawnbroking business
39	will cease.
40	(B) Instructions, approved by the director, on how pledged
41	articles may be redeemed before the date identified under



clause (A)(ii).

1	(b) If:
2	(1) a licensee ceases engaging in business as a pawnbroker in
3	Indiana without complying with subsection (a); and
4	(2) the director determines that it is in the public interest that
5	the department oversee the liquidation of the licensee's
6	business;
7	the director may appoint a liquidating agent to conclude the affairs
8	of the licensee's pawnbroker business in Indiana. The department
9	may use the proceeds of the licensee's bond under section 5 of this
10	chapter to pay the expenses of the liquidation.
11	SECTION 50. IC 28-7-5-10.6, AS ADDED BY P.L.217-2007,
12	SECTION 70, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
13	JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 10.6. (a) This section applies if, after a person has
14	been issued a license or renewal license under this chapter, any of the
15	following apply: (1) the licensee any individual described in section
16	8(a)(2) or 8(a)(3) of this chapter:
17	(1) is under indictment for a felony involving fraud, deceit, or
18	misrepresentation under the laws of Indiana or any other
19	jurisdiction; or
20	(2) The licensee has been convicted of or pleaded guilty or nolo
21	contendere to a felony involving fraud, deceit, or
22	misrepresentation under the laws of Indiana or any other
23	jurisdiction.
24	(b) If this section applies, the licensee shall provide to the
25	department the information required under section 4(b) of this chapter:
26	(1) not later than thirty (30) days after the licensee or any
27	individual described in section $8(a)(2)$ or $8(a)(3)$ of this
28	chapter:
29	(A) has been put on notice of the indictment; or
30	(B) has been convicted of or pleaded guilty or nolo contendere
31	to the felony;
32	whichever applies; or
33	(2) if the licensee's next license renewal fee under section 11 of
34	this chapter is due before the date described in subdivision (1),
35	along with the licensee's next license renewal fee under section 11
36	of this chapter.
37	SECTION 51. IC 28-7-5-17 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
38	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 17. Each licensee shall
39	file a report as requested by the director, but not more frequently than
40	annually, giving any relevant information the department may
41	reasonably require concerning the business and operations of each

licensed place of business conducted by the licensee within the state.



The report must be in the form prescribed by the director. The department may impose a fee of five dollars (\$5) per day on any report that is not received when requested. established under IC 28-11-3-5 for each day the report is delinquent.

SECTION 52. IC 28-7-5-38.1 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 38.1. If the department determines, after notice and opportunity for hearing, that a person has violated this chapter, the department may, in addition to or instead of all other remedies available under this chapter, impose on the person a civil penalty that does not exceed ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) per violation.

SECTION 53. IC 28-7-5-39 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 39. (a) Records and information generated by licensees in the course of their business are confidential under IC 5-14-3-4.

- (b) A law enforcement **or prosecutorial** official may obtain or receive records and information described in subsection (a) relating to pawnbroking transactions for use in the official law enforcement purpose of investigating crime.
- (c) Law enforcement officials may disclose the name and address of the pawnbroker to an adverse claimant in the case of a dispute over ownership of property in possession of the pawnbroker.
- (d) A person licensed or required to be licensed under this chapter is subject to IC 28-1-2-30.5 with respect to any records maintained by the person.
- (e) The director may provide for the release of information under this chapter to representatives of state, federal, or foreign:
 - (1) financial institution; or
- (2) money services business; supervisory agencies.

SECTION 54. IC 28-8-4-20, AS AMENDED BY P.L.57-2006, SECTION 55, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 20. (a) A person may not engage in the business of money transmission without a license required by this chapter.

- (b) An application for a license must be submitted on a form prescribed by the department and must include the information required by the department.
- (c) An application submitted under this section must indicate whether any individuals described in section 35(b)(2) or 35(b)(3) of this chapter:
 - (1) are, at the time of the application, under indictment for a









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1	felony involving fraud, deceit, or misrepresentation under the
2	laws of Indiana or any other jurisdiction; or
3	(2) have been convicted of or pleaded guilty or nolo
	contendere to a felony involving fraud, deceit, or
	misrepresentation under the laws of Indiana or any other
	jurisdiction.
	(c) (d) The director may request that the applicant provide evidence
	of compliance with this section at:
	(1) the time of application;(2) the time of renewal of a license; or
	(3) any other time considered necessary by the director.
	(d) (e) For purposes of subsection (c), (d), evidence of compliance
	may include:
	(1) criminal background checks, including a national criminal
	history background check (as defined in IC 10-13-3-12) by the
	Federal Bureau of Investigation for an individual described in
	section 35(b)(2) or 35(b)(3) of this chapter;
	(2) credit histories; and
	(3) other background checks considered necessary by the director.
	If the director requests a national criminal history background
	check under subdivision (1) for an individual described in that
	subdivision, the director shall require the individual to submit
	fingerprints to the department or to the state police department, as
	appropriate, at the time evidence of compliance is requested under
	subsection (d). The individual to whom the request is made shall
	pay any fees or costs associated with the fingerprints and the
	national criminal history background check. The national criminal
	history background check may be used by the director to
	determine the individual's compliance with this section. The
	director or the department may not release the results of the
	national criminal history background check to any private entity.
	SECTION 55. IC 28-8-4-25, AS AMENDED BY P.L.217-2007,
	SECTION 75, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
	JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 25. In addition to the items listed in section 24 of
	this chapter, if an applicant is a corporation, not organized as a sole
	proprietorship , the applicant must provide the following items and
	information relating to the applicant's corporate organizational structure:
	(1) State of incorporation or organization.
	(2) Date of incorporation or organization.
	(3) A certificate from the state in which the applicant was
	incorporated or organized stating that the corporation entity is



1	in good standing.	
2	(4) A description of the corporate organizational structure of the	
3	applicant, including the following:	
4	(A) The identity of the parent of the applicant.	
5	(B) The identity of each subsidiary of the applicant.	
6	(C) The names of the stock exchanges, if any, in which the	
7	applicant, the parent, and the subsidiaries are publicly traded.	
8	(5) The:	
9	(A) name;	
10	(B) business address;	
11	(C) residence address; and	
12	(D) employment history;	
13	for each executive officer, key shareholder, and officer or	
14	manager who will be in charge of the applicant's licensed	
15	activities. individual described in section 35(b)(2) or 35(b)(3)	
16	of this chapter.	
17	(6) The:	
18	(A) history of material litigation; and	
19	(B) the history of criminal indictments, convictions, and guilty	
20	or nolo contendere pleas for felonies involving fraud, deceit,	
21	or misrepresentation under the laws of Indiana or any other	
22	jurisdiction;	
23	for each executive officer, key shareholder, and director of the	
24	applicant. individual described in section 35(b)(2) or 35(b)(3)	
25	of this chapter.	
26	(7) Except as provided in subdivision (8), copies of the applicant's	_
27	audited financial statements for the current year and, if available,	
28	for the preceding two (2) years, including a:	V
29	(A) balance sheet;	
30	(B) statement of income or loss;	
31	(C) statement of changes in shareholder equity; and	
32	(D) statement of changes in financial position.	
33	(8) If the applicant is a wholly owned subsidiary of:	
34	(A) a corporation publicly traded in the United States,	
35	financial statements for the current year or the parent	
36	corporation's Form 10K reports filed with the United States	
37	Securities and Exchange Commission for the preceding three	
38	(3) years may be submitted with the applicant's unaudited	
39	financial statements; or	
40	(B) a corporation publicly traded outside the United States,	
41	similar documentation filed with the parent corporation's	
42	non-United States regulator may be submitted with the	



1	applicant's unaudited financial statements.
2	(9) Copies of filings, if any, made by the applicant with the
3	United States Securities and Exchange Commission, or with a
4	similar regulator in a country other than the United States, not
5	more than one (1) year before the date of filing of the application.
6	SECTION 56. IC 28-8-4-35, AS AMENDED BY P.L.57-2006,
7	SECTION 57, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
8	JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 35. (a) The director shall begin an investigation
9	after an application is complete.
10	(b) The director shall investigate the (1) financial condition and
11	responsibility, $\frac{(2)}{(2)}$ financial and business experience, and $\frac{(3)}{(3)}$ character
12	and general fitness of: an
13	(1) the applicant and any significant affiliate of the applicant;
14	(2) each executive officer, director, or manager of the
15	applicant, or any other individual having a similar status or
16	performing a similar function for the applicant; and
17	(3) if known, each controlling person.
18	(c) The director may conduct an onsite investigation of the
19	applicant, the reasonable cost of which shall be borne by the applicant.
20	(d) The director shall issue a license to an applicant authorizing the
21	applicant to engage in the licensed activities in Indiana for a term
22	expiring December March 31 of the year in which the license is issued
23	if the director finds that:
24	(1) the applicant's business will be conducted honestly, fairly, and
25	in a manner commanding the confidence and trust of the
26	community; and
27	(2) the applicant has fulfilled the requirements imposed by this
28	chapter.
29	(e) On Upon application, the director shall determine whether a
30	particular person qualifies as a controlling person. The director may
31	waive any or all requirements of this chapter pertaining to a controlling
32	person for good cause shown.
33	(f) If the director finds that:
34	(1) an applicant does not satisfy the requirements in subsection
35	(d); or
36	(2) an application was submitted for the benefit of, or on behalf
37	of, a person who does not qualify for a license;
38	the director may deny the application. The director must set forth the
39	reasons for the denial in writing and send a copy of the reasons to the
40	applicant.
41	SECTION 57. IC 28-8-4-40.6. AS ADDED BY P.L.217-2007.

SECTION 81, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE



1	JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 40.6. (a) This section applies if, after a person has
2	been issued a license or renewal license under this chapter, any of the
3	following apply:
4	(1) The licensee, or any individual described in section 25(6) or
5	26(4) 35(b)(2) or 35(b)(3) of this chapter, is under indictment for
6	a felony involving fraud, deceit, or misrepresentation under the
7	laws of Indiana or any other jurisdiction.
8	(2) The licensee, or any individual described in section 25(6) or
9	$\frac{26(4)}{35(b)(2)}$ or $35(b)(3)$ of this chapter, has been convicted of
10	or pleaded guilty or nolo contendere to a felony involving fraud,
11	deceit, or misrepresentation under the laws of Indiana or any other
12	jurisdiction.
13	(b) If this section applies, the licensee shall provide to the
14	department the information required under section 24(5)(B) or
15	25(6)(B) or 26(4)(B) of this chapter, whichever applies:
16	(1) not later than thirty (30) days after the licensee or individual
17	described in section 25(6) or 26(4) 35(b)(2) or 35(b)(3) of this
18	chapter:
19	(A) has been put on notice of the indictment; or
20	(B) has been convicted of or pleaded guilty or nolo contendere
21	to the felony;
22	whichever applies; or
23	(2) if the licensee's next license renewal fee under section 37 of
24	this chapter is due before the date described in subdivision (1),
25	along with the licensee's next license renewal fee under section 37
26	of this chapter.
27	SECTION 58. IC 28-8-4-45.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
28	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
29	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 45.5. The following persons are
30	subject to IC 28-1-2-30.5 with respect to any records maintained by
31	the person:
32	(1) A person licensed or required to be licensed under this
33	chapter.
34	(2) An authorized delegate of a person described in
35	subdivision (1).
36	SECTION 59. IC 28-8-4-47, AS AMENDED BY P.L.217-2007,
37	SECTION 82, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
38	JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 47. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of
39	law, all information or reports obtained by the director from an
40	applicant, a licensee, or an authorized delegate, whether obtained
41	through reports, applications, examination, audits, investigation, or



otherwise, including:

1	(1) all information contained in or related to:	
2	(A) examination;	
3	(B) investigation;	
4	(C) operation; or	
5	(D) condition;	
6	reports prepared by, on behalf of, or for the use of the director; or	
7	(2) financial statements, balance sheets, or authorized delegate	
8	information;	
9	are confidential and may not be disclosed or distributed outside the	
10	department by the director or any officer or employee of the	1
11	department, except as provided in subsection (b).	
12	(b) The director may provide for the release of information to	
13	representatives of:	
14	(1) financial institution and money services business supervisory	
15	agencies;	
16	(2) law enforcement agencies; or	4
17	(3) prosecutorial agencies or offices;	•
18	of a state (as defined in IC 28-2-17-19), the United States, or a foreign	
19	country. An agency or office that receives information from the director	
20	under this subsection shall maintain the confidentiality of the	
21	information as described in IC 28-1-2-30.	
22	(c) Nothing in this section shall prohibit the director from releasing	
23	to the public a list of persons licensed under this chapter or from	
24	releasing aggregated financial data on such licensees.	•
25	SECTION 60. IC 28-8-5-9 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	
26	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 9. As used in this	
27	chapter, "person" means an any individual, a sole proprietorship,	1
28	partnership, an association, a joint stock association, a trust, or a joint	
29	venture, limited liability company, corporation, unincorporated	1
30	organization, or other form of entity, however organized.	
31	SECTION 61. IC 28-8-5-11, AS AMENDED BY P.L.217-2007,	
32	SECTION 84, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
33	JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 11. (a) A person shall not engage in the business	
34	of cashing checks for consideration without first obtaining a license.	
35	(b) Each application for a license shall be in writing in such form as	
36	the director may prescribe and shall include all of the following:	
37	(1) The following information pertaining to the applicant:	
38	(A) Name.	
39	(B) Residence address.	
40	(C) Business address.	
11	(2) The following information pertaining to corporate directors of	
12	the applicant, officers of the applicant, owners of the applicant (if	



1	a proprietorship), and partners of the applicant, if applicable: any
2	individual described in section 12(b)(1) of this chapter:
3	(A) Name.
4	(B) Residence address.
5	(C) Business address.
6	(D) Whether the person:
7	(i) is, at the time of the application, under indictment for a
8	felony involving fraud, deceit, or misrepresentation under
9	the laws of Indiana or any other jurisdiction; or
10	(ii) has been convicted of or pleaded guilty or nolo
11	contendere to a felony involving fraud, deceit, or
12	misrepresentation under the laws of Indiana or any other
13	jurisdiction.
14	(3) The address where the applicant's office or offices will be
15	located. If any business, other than the business of cashing checks
16	under this chapter, will be conducted by the applicant or another
17	person at any of the locations identified under this subdivision,
18	the applicant shall indicate for each location at which another
19	business will be conducted:
20	(A) the nature of the other business;
21	(B) the name under which the other business operates;
22	(C) the address of the principal office of the other business;
23	(D) the name and address of the business's resident agent in
24	Indiana; and
25	(E) any other information that the director may require.
26	(4) Such other data, financial statements, and pertinent
27	information as the director may require.
28	(c) The application shall be filed with a nonrefundable fee fixed by
29	the department under IC 28-11-3-5.
30	SECTION 62. IC 28-8-5-12, AS AMENDED BY P.L.217-2007,
31	SECTION 85, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
32	JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 12. (a) The department shall determine the
33	financial responsibility, business experience, character, and general
34	fitness of the applicant before issuing the license.
35	(b) The department may refuse to issue a license if for any of the
36	following reasons:
37	(1) an applicant who is an individual Any of the following has
38	been convicted of a felony involving fraud, deceit, or
39	misrepresentation under the laws of Indiana or any other
40	jurisdiction: or
41	(A) An executive officer, director, or manager of the
42	applicant, or any other individual having a similar status



or performing a similar function for the applicant.	
2 (B) Any person directly or indirectly owning of record or	
owning beneficially at least ten percent (10%) of the	
4 outstanding shares of any class of equity security of the	
5 applicant.	
6 (2) The application was submitted for the benefit of, or on behalf	
of, a person who does not qualify for a license.	
8 (c) The director of the department may request evidence of	
9 compliance with this section by the licensee at:	
(1) the time of application;	
(2) the time of renewal of the licensee's license; or	1
(3) any other time considered necessary by the director.	
(d) For purposes of subsection (c), evidence of compliance may	
include:	
(1) criminal background checks, including a national criminal	
history background check (as defined in IC 10-13-3-12) by the	
Federal Bureau of Investigation for any individual described in	`
8 subsection (b)(1);	
(2) credit histories; and	
(3) other background checks considered necessary by the director.	
If the director requests a national criminal history background	
check under subdivision (1) for an individual described in that	
subdivision, the director shall require the individual to submit	
fingerprints to the department or to the state police department, as	
25 appropriate, at the time evidence of compliance is requested under subsection (c). The individual to whom the request is made shall	
•	
pay any fees or costs associated with the fingerprints and the national criminal history background check. The national criminal	,
history background check may be used by the director to	
determine the individual's compliance with this section. The	
director or the department may not release the results of the	
national criminal history background check to any private entity.	
33 SECTION 63. IC 28-8-5-18 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	
FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 18. (a) A licensee shall	
keep its books, accounts, and records satisfactory to the department for	
each transaction for at least three (3) years from the transaction date.	
(b) A licensee shall keep its books, accounts, and records separate	
from those of any other type of business and in a manner that reflects	
the order of the licensee's transactions.	
(c) A person licensed or required to be licensed under this	
chapter is subject to IC 28-1-2-30.5 with respect to any records	



maintained by the person.

1	SECTION 64. IC 28-10-1-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.217-2007,
2	SECTION 88, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
3	JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 1. A reference to a federal law or federal
4	regulation in IC 28 is a reference to the law or regulation in effect
5	December 31, 2006. 2007.
6	SECTION 65. IC 28-11-1-13.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
7	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
8	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 13.5. (a) The department may
9	accept payment of any of the following by credit card, debit card,
0	charge card, or similar method:
.1	(1) A fee established by the department under IC 28-11-3-5.
2	(2) A penalty assessed by the department under this title or
3	IC 24-4.5.
4	(3) A fee assessed:
.5	(A) in connection with the director's designation of an
6	automated central licensing system and repository under
7	IC 24-4.5-3-503(10); and
8	(B) for:
9	(i) processing applications and renewals for licenses
20	under IC 24-4.5-3; or
21	(ii) performing other services that the director
22	determines are necessary for the orderly administration
23	of the department's licensing system under IC 24-4.5-3.
24	(b) If a fee or penalty described in subsection (a) is paid by
2.5	credit card, debit card, charge card, or similar method, the liability
26	is not finally discharged until the department receives payment or
27	credit from the institution responsible for making the payment or
28	credit.
29	(c) The department may contract with a bank or credit card
1	vendor for acceptance of bank or credit cards. If there is a vendor
51 52	transaction charge or discount fee, whether billed to the department or charged directly to the department's account, the
33	department or charged directly to the department's account, the department or the bank or credit card vendor may collect from the
54	person using the bank or credit card a uniform fee that is
35	determined by the department.
66	SECTION 66. IC 28-11-2-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
57	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1,2008]: Sec. 2. (a) The director, with
8	the approval of the members, shall organize the department.
9	(b) The department must consist of at least the following divisions:
10	(1) The division of banks and trust companies.
11	(2) The division of building and loan associations.



(3) (2) The division of consumer credit.

1	(4) (3) The division of credit unions.
2	SECTION 67. IC 28-11-3-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
3	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 1. (a) The department
4	shall examine the affairs of every financial institution as often as the
5	department considers necessary. Examinations may be made without
6	notice to the institution to be examined.
7	(b) In making an examination, the department may examine any of
8	the officers or agents of the institution under oath.
9	(c) The department may require an independent audit by a certified
10	public accountant, subject to the standards the department determines.
11	(d) The department, in the classification of assets, may disregard the
12	amount of an asset in its analysis of capital adequacy of the financial
13	institution until the amount of the asset is recovered.
14	(e) After the examiners complete the examination of a financial
15	institution, the examiners:
16	(1) shall submit their written findings and recommendations to:
17	(A) the board of directors; and
18	(B) other parties authorized by the board of directors and
19	approved by the director; and
20	(2) may confer with the parties listed in subdivision (1) on the
21	findings and recommendations.
22	(f) Upon the conclusion of an examination, a full, true, and detailed
23	report of the condition of the financial institution shall be made to the
24	department by the examiners in the form prescribed by the department.
25	(g) A financial institution subject to examination by the department
26	may not cause, by contract or otherwise, any data processing or other
27	similar service to be performed, either on or off its premises, until
28	written assurances are furnished to the department by the financial
29	institution and the entity providing the service that the performance of
30	the service will be subject to regulation and examination by the
31	department to the same extent as if the service was being performed by
32	the financial institution on its own premises. Entities that provide data
33	processing or other similar services to more than one (1) financial
34	institution need only file one (1) written assurance to cover all financial
35	institutions to which the entity provides services.
36	(h) The report of an examination conducted under this section:
37	(1) is the exclusive property of the department; and
38	(2) except as provided in subsection (i), shall not be distributed,
39	published, or duplicated without the prior authorization of the
40	director.
41	(i) A financial institution that is or seeks to become a member of
42	the Federal Home Loan Bank System may provide a copy of a



report of an examination conducted by the department to the	
Federal Home Loan Bank for the confidential use of the Federal	
Home Loan Bank if the director and the Federal Home Loan Bank	
have entered into a written agreement that provides that the report	
of the examination:	
(1) remains the property of the department; and	
(2) is not:	
(A) subject to inspection under IC 5-14-3;	
(B) subject to subpoena;	_
(C) subject to discovery; or	4
·	
(i) (j) Except as provided in subsection (i), a person who	
knowingly or intentionally possesses, distributes, publishes, or	
duplicates a report of an examination conducted under this section	
without the prior authorization of the director commits a Class B	
misdemeanor.	4
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(2) state, or federal, or foreign financial institution supervisory	
agency;	
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	Federal Home Loan Bank for the confidential use of the Federal Home Loan Bank if the director and the Federal Home Loan Bank have entered into a written agreement that provides that the report of the examination: (1) remains the property of the department; and (2) is not: (A) subject to inspection under IC 5-14-3; (B) subject to subpoena; (C) subject to discovery; or (D) admissible in evidence in any civil action. (i) (j) Except as provided in subsection (i), a person who knowingly or intentionally possesses, distributes, publishes, or duplicates a report of an examination conducted under this section without the prior authorization of the director commits a Class B misdemeanor. SECTION 68. IC 28-11-3-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.217-2007, SECTION 97, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 3. (a) The director or the director's designee may disclose or make available to a: (1) state, or federal, or foreign law enforcement agency; (2) state, or federal, or foreign financial institution supervisory



1	(c) The director may enter into information sharing agreements	
2	with parties authorized to received information under this section.	
3	SECTION 69. IC 28-11-4-7 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	
4	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 7. (a) If the department	
5	finds that the conditions specified in section 2 or 3 of this chapter have	
6	been established, the department may issue a final order.	
7	(b) A final order must include separately stated findings of fact and	
8	conclusions of law for all aspects of the order.	
9	(c) A final order may do any of the following:	
10	(1) Require the financial institution and its directors, officers,	
11	employees, and agents to do any of the following:	
12	(A) Cease and desist from the practice or violation.	
13	(B) Take affirmative action to correct the conditions resulting	
14	from the practice or violation.	
15	(2) Suspend or prohibit a director, an officer, or an employee from	_
16	participating in the affairs of a financial institution or subsidiary.	
17	(3) Impose a civil penalty not to exceed the amount specified in	
18	section 9 of this chapter.	
19	(d) A final order shall be issued in writing within ninety (90) days	
20	after conclusion of the hearing, unless this period is waived or extended	
21	with the written consent of all parties or for good cause shown. A final	
22	order issued under this chapter may be made public by the department.	
23	(e) If the financial institution, director, or officer does not appear	
24	individually or by a duly authorized representative at the hearing, the	
25	financial institution, director, or officer is considered to have consented	
26	to the issuance of a final order.	
27	(f) The director, at the director's discretion, may, for the	
28	interests of the financial institution or the financial institution's	
29	depositors, disclose to the public the contents of any order issued	
30	under this section at the time the order is issued.	
31	SECTION 70. IC 28-11-4-10 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	
32	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 10. The department	
33	may enforce an order issued under this chapter any of the following by	
34	applying for appropriate relief to a court having jurisdiction:	
35	(1) An order issued under this chapter.	
36	(2) A written agreement entered into by the department and:	
37	(A) a financial institution; or	
38	(B) any director, officer, employee, or agent of the	
39	financial institution.	
40	(3) Any condition imposed in writing by the department on:	
41	(A) a financial institution; or	
42	(R) any director officer employee or agent of the	



1 2	financial institution; in connection with any application, notice, or request
3	concerning the financial institution.
4	SECTION 71. IC 28-11-4-12 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
5	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 12. (a) The director of
6	the department may exercise the enforcement powers of this chapter
7	against an affiliate of a financial institution, or against an officer, a
8	director, or an employee of the affiliate, as if the affiliate were a
9	financial institution if the director determines that a practice of the
10	affiliate, or of the officer, director, or employee, could cause either:
11	(1) the financial institution to suffer substantial loss or other
12	damage; or
13	(2) the interests of the financial institution's depositors to be
14	seriously prejudiced by reason of a violation, practice, or breach
15	of fiduciary duty.
16	(b) In exercising the director's enforcement powers under this
17	chapter against an officer, a director, or an employee of an
18	affiliate, the director may:
19	(1) remove the officer, director, or employee from the
20	person's office, position, or employment;
21	(2) prohibit any participation by the officer, director, or
22	employee in the conduct of the affairs of any financial
23	institution; or
24	(3) take both of the actions set forth in subdivisions (1) and
25	(2).
26	(b) (c) The director of the department may issue and serve upon the
27	officer, director, or the officer employee of the affiliate a notice of
28	charges of the practice, violation, or act.
29	(c) (d) For purposes of this section, affiliate has the meaning set
30	forth in IC 28-1-18.2.
31	SECTION 72. IC 28-11-5-4 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
32	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 4. (a) Upon the
33	acceptance of an application under section 3 of this chapter, the
34	department shall investigate and consider all of the following:
35	(1) The financial standing and character of the incorporators,
36	organizers, directors, principal shareholders, or controlling
37	corporations.
38	(2) The character, qualifications, and experience of the officers
39	and directors of the proposed financial institution.
40	(3) The future earnings prospects for the proposed financial
41	institution.
42	(4) The adequacy of the financial institution's proposed capital, if



1	the financial institution is to be a bank, trust company, corporate
2	fiduciary, or savings bank.
3	(b) The members of the department may disapprove the application
4	if:
5	(1) any of the factors listed in subsection (a) are determined to be
6	unfavorable;
7	(2) any of the incorporators, directors, principal shareholders, or
8 9	officers of the proposed financial institution have been convicted
10	of a felony under Indiana law, the laws of any other state, or the laws of the United States; or
11	(3) the applicant has knowingly or intentionally submitted an
12	application under this chapter that contains false information.
13	(c) The applicant shall submit to the department or to the Indiana
14	state police, as appropriate, two (2) sets of fingerprints for each
15	incorporator, director, principal shareholder, and officer, if requested
16	by the department under section 4.5 of this chapter.
17	SECTION 73. IC 28-11-5-4.5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
18	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 4.5. (a) To provide
19	obtain additional information for the purposes of section 4 of this
20	chapter, the state police department, at the request of the department
21	shall provide fingerprint and background checks on all incorporators,
22	directors, principal shareholders, and officers director may require:
23	(1) criminal background checks, including a national criminal
24	history background check (as defined in IC 10-13-3-12) by the
25	Federal Bureau of Investigation;
26	(2) credit histories; and
27	(3) other background checks considered necessary by the
28	director;
29	for any incorporator, director, principal shareholder, or officer of
30	a proposed financial institution.
31	(b) If a disqualifying record is not identified by the state police
32	department, the fingerprints submitted under section 4(c) of this
33	chapter shall be forwarded to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for
34	a national criminal history check.
35	(c) The department shall pay all expenses associated with
36	investigations performed by the state police department or the Federal
37	Bureau of Investigation as a result of an application filed under section
38	3 of this chapter.
39	(b) If the director requests a national criminal history
40	background check under subsection (a) for any individual
41	described in subsection (a), the director shall require the individual

to submit fingerprints to the department or to the state police



1	department, as appropriate. The individual to whom the request is	
2	made shall pay any fees or costs associated with the fingerprints	
3	and the national criminal history background check. A national	
4	criminal history background check conducted under subsection (b)	
5	may be used by the department to:	
6	(1) conduct an investigation under section $4(a)(1)$ or $4(a)(2)$ of	
7	this chapter; or	
8	(2) disapprove an application under section 4(b)(2) of this	
9	chapter.	
10	The director or the department may not release the results of the	
11	national criminal history background check to any private entity.	
12	SECTION 74. IC 28-11-5-10 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA	
13	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS	
14	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 10. (a) Subject to subsection (g),	
15	a financial institution subject to this chapter may:	
16	(1) be organized as a limited liability company;	
17	(2) convert to a limited liability company;	
18	(3) merge with or into a limited liability company;	
19	under the laws of Indiana or the United States, including any rules	
20	or regulations adopted or promulgated under the laws of Indiana	
21	or the United States.	
22	(b) A bank organized as a limited liability company is subject to:	
23	(1) IC 23-18; and	
24	(2) this title.	
25	If a provision of IC 23-18 conflicts with a provision of this title or	
26	with any rule of the department, the provision of this title or the	
27	rule the department controls.	,
28	(c) Any filing required to be made under IC 23-18 shall be made	
29	in the same manner as for a bank that is organizing or is organized	
30	in stock form.	
31	(d) The department may prescribe any requirements for:	
32	(1) the articles of organization; and	
33	(2) the operating agreement;	
34	of a financial institution that is organized and operates as a limited	
35	liability company.	
36	(e) The department has the exclusive authority under this title	
37	to regulate a financial institution organized as a limited liability	
38	company. A financial institution that is a limited liability company	
39	is subject to the department's authority in the same manner as a	
40	bank that is organized in stock form.	

(f) A financial institution that is a limited liability company is subject to the provisions of this title that apply to banks, except for



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1	the provisions concerning corporate governance (IC 28-13), in the
2	same manner as a financial institution that is organized in stock
3	form, subject to the following:
4	(1) In the case of a manager managed limited liability
5	company, "director" means a manager of the limited liability
6	company.
7	(2) In the case of a member managed limited liability
8	company, "director" means a member of the limited liability
9	company.
10	(g) A financial institution may not:
11	(1) organize as;
12	(2) convert to; or
13	(3) merge with or into;
14	a limited liability company without the prior approval of the
15	department under this title.
16	SECTION 75. IC 28-13-4-3 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
17	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 3. (a) A corporation
18	may declare a dividend of so much of the undivided profits of the
9	corporation as is considered expedient by the board of directors.
20	(b) A corporation must obtain the approval of the department for the
21	payment of a dividend if the total of all dividends declared by the
22	corporation during the calendar year, including the proposed dividend,
23	would exceed the sum of the retained net income for the year to date
24	combined with its retained net income for the previous two (2) years.
25	(c) As used in subsection (b), "retained net income" means the net
26	income of a specified period, calculated under the consolidated report
27	of income instructions, less the total amount of all dividends declared
28	for the specified period.
29	(d) The department may establish criteria for a corporation to be
30	exempt from the dividend approval requirements of this section. In
31	establishing the criteria, the department shall consider:
32	(1) the corporation's composite uniform financial institutions
33	rating assigned as a result of the corporation's most recent federal
34	or state examination, or in the case of a corporate fiduciary, the
35	corporate fiduciary rating assigned as a result of the corporate
36	fiduciary's most recent state examination;
37	(2) the resulting Tier 1 leverage capital ratio; and
38	(3) the existence of any corrective or supervisory order or
39	agreement.
10	SECTION 76. IC 28-13-10-9 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
11	FOLLOWS [FFFFCTIVE IIII V 1 2008]: Sec. 9 (a) As used in this



section, "emergency" means:

1	(1) any condition or occurrence that:
2	(A) may interfere physically with the conduct of normal
3	business operations; or
4	(B) poses an imminent or existing threat to the safety or
5	security of persons, property, or both persons and property;
6	at one (1) or more of the offices of a corporation; or
7	(2) any condition or occurrence that:
8	(A) is declared a state of disaster emergency by the
9	governor under IC 10-14-3-12; and
10	(B) applies to an area that includes one (1) or more of the
11	offices of a corporation; or
12	(2) (3) the death of or funeral services for an employee, officer, or
13	director of a corporation or for a former employee, officer, or
14	director of a corporation.
15	(b) A corporation may be closed on any part of a legal holiday by
16	giving reasonable notice to its customers of its intention to be closed in
17	observance of the holiday.
18	(c) Whenever a corporation is to be closed on a day or part of a day
19	other than a legal holiday, the board of directors shall pass a resolution
20	concerning the closing, and give reasonable notice of the closing to the
21	customers of the corporation.
22	(d) The board of directors of a corporation may establish and
23	observe different banking hours and designate different fixed days, if
24	any, for closing the principal office and each separate branch office of
25	the corporation.
26	(e) Any day designated by the President of the United States or by
27	the governor as a day of mourning, celebration, or other special
28	observance is a legal holiday for corporations.
29	(f) Whenever the officers of a corporation believe that an emergency
30	exists or is impending, which affects or may affect one (1) or more of
31	a corporation's offices, the officers have the authority, in the reasonable
32	and proper exercise of their discretion, to determine not to open any
33	one (1) or more of such offices or, if having opened, to close any one
34	(1) or more of such offices during the continuation of the emergency.
35	The office or offices so closed shall remain closed until the time the
36	officers determine that the emergency has ended. However, such office
37	or offices may not remain closed for more than forty-eight (48)
38	consecutive hours on business days, excluding other legal holidays,
39	without requesting the approval of the director of the department of
40	financial institutions.
41	(g) A corporation closing an office or offices under subsection (f)

shall give prompt notice of its action to the director of the department



	of	financ	ial i	nstit	utions
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(h) Any date on which a corporation is closed under this section is a legal holiday with respect to the business affairs of the corporation. No liability or loss of rights of any kind, on the part of any corporation, director, officer, or employee, accrues or results by virtue of any closing authorized by this section.

SECTION 77. IC 28-13-16-6 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 6. (a) The department shall review a financial institution's notice or application to acquire or establish a qualifying or nonqualifying subsidiary to determine:

- (1) whether the proposed activities are legally permissible; and
- (2) whether the proposal endangers the safety or soundness of the financial institution.

The director shall either approve or disapprove the application for a nonqualifying subsidiary within sixty (60) days after the date on which the department receives the application. The period for approval or disapproval of the application may be extended by the department based on a determination that additional information from the financial institution or additional time for analysis is required.

- (b) If there will be a change in the scope or nature of the business activity of a qualifying subsidiary of a financial institution, the financial institution shall provide the department with written notice before the change occurs. The department shall notify the requesting financial institution of the department's receipt of the notice and shall review the notice to determine:
 - (1) whether the proposed change is legally permissible; and
 - (2) whether the proposed change endangers the safety or soundness of the financial institution.

The qualifying subsidiary may exercise or engage in the proposed activity thirty (30) days after the date on which the department receives the financial institution's notice, as indicated in the department's notice of receipt, unless otherwise notified by the department.

- (c) If there will be a change in the scope or nature of the business activity of a nonqualifying subsidiary of a financial institution, the financial institution shall submit to the department an application containing a complete description of the proposed change. The department shall notify the requesting financial institution of the department's receipt of the application and shall review the application to determine:
 - (1) whether the proposed change is legally permissible; and
 - (2) whether the proposed change endangers the safety or









he director shall either approve or disapprove the application not ter than sixty (60) days after the date on which the department eceives the application. The period for approval or disapproval of	
ne application may be extended by the department based on a	
etermination that additional information from the financial	
stitution or additional time for analysis is required.	
SECTION 78. THE FOLLOWING ARE REPEALED [EFFECTIVE	
JLY 1, 2008]: IC 28-8-4-22; IC 28-8-4-23; IC 28-8-4-26.	



COMMITTEE REPORT

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Financial Institutions, to which was referred House Bill 1359, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the House with the recommendation that said bill be amended as follows:

Page 6, between lines 4 and 5, begin a new line blocked left and insert.

"A determination by the director under this paragraph must be in writing and shall be delivered to all parties to the transaction. IC 4-21.5-3 applies to a determination made under this paragraph."

Page 6, line 27, delete "creditor's agent" and insert "person acting on behalf of the creditor".

Page 6, line 28, delete "creditor's agent" and insert "person acting on behalf of the creditor".

Page 7, line 24, delete "creditor's agent" and insert "person acting on behalf of the creditor".

Page 7, line 26, delete "creditor's" and insert "person acting on behalf of the creditor".

Page 7, line 27, delete "agent".

Page 7, line 29, delete "creditor's agent" and insert "person acting on behalf of the creditor".

Page 8, line 4, delete "creditor's agent" and insert "person acting on behalf of the creditor".

Page 8, line 28, delete "creditor's agent" and insert "person acting on behalf of the creditor".

Page 10, line 19, strike "or".

Page 10, line 20, delete "." and insert ", a joint venture, an unincorporated organization, or any other entity, however organized.".

Page 10, line 24, after "or" reset in roman "an".

Page 10, line 24, delete "any".

Page 10, line 24, after "and" insert "or".

Page 10, line 24, after "and" reset in roman "an".

Page 10, line 25, rest in roman "organization.".

Page 10, line 25, delete "sole proprietorship, partnership, trust, joint venture,".

Page 10, delete lines 26 through 27.

Page 12, line 6, delete "providing property tax forms (IC 24-4.5-3-701),".

Page 12, between lines 10 and 11, begin a new paragraph and insert:



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"SECTION 6. IC 24-4.5-3-402, AS AMENDED BY P.L.217-2007, SECTION 8, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 402. (1) This section does not apply to a first lien mortgage transaction.

- (2) Except as provided in IC 24-9-4-3 with respect to a high cost home loan (as defined in IC 24-9-2-8), with respect to a consumer loan, other than one pursuant to a revolving loan account or one on which only loan finance charges are payable prior to the time that the final scheduled payment is due, if any scheduled payment is more than twice as large as the average of earlier scheduled payments, the debtor has the right to refinance the amount of that payment at the time it is due without penalty. The terms of the refinancing shall be no less favorable to the debtor than the terms of the original loan. This section does not apply to the extent that the payment schedule is adjusted to the seasonal or irregular income of the debtor.
- (2) (3) For the purposes of this section, "terms of the refinancing" means:
 - (a) in the case of a fixed-rate consumer loan, the individual payment amounts, the charges as a result of default by the debtor, and the rate of the loan finance charge; and
 - (b) in the case of a variable rate consumer loan, the method used to determine the individual payment amounts, the charges as a result of default by the debtor, the method used to determine the rate of the loan finance charge, the circumstances under which the rate of the loan finance charge may increase, and any limitations on the increase in the rate of the loan finance charge.
- (3) (4) If a consumer loan is made under the authority of the Alternative Mortgage Transaction Parity Act (12 U.S.C. 3802 et seq.), the note evidencing the mortgage must contain a reference to the applicable federal law.".

Page 25, delete lines 22 through 31.

Page 26, line 4, delete "means:" and insert "means an individual consumer, or the individual's legal representative, who obtains or has obtained from the person a financial:

- (1) product; or
- (2) service;

that is to be used primarily for personal, family, or household purposes. The term does not include an affiliate of the person.".

Page 26, delete lines 5 through 12.

Page 32, line 33, after "not" insert "create a substantial likelihood of misleading the public by implying that the person, firm, limited liability company, or corporation is a state or federally chartered









bank or savings bank.".

Page 32, delete lines 34 through 37.

Page 80, between lines 34 and 35, begin a new paragraph and insert: "SECTION 75. IC 28-11-5-10 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 10. (a) Subject to subsection (g), a financial institution subject to this chapter may:

- (1) be organized as a limited liability company;
- (2) convert to a limited liability company;
- (3) merge with or into a limited liability company; under the laws of Indiana or the United States, including any rules or regulations adopted or promulgated under the laws of Indiana or the United States.
 - (b) A bank organized as a limited liability company is subject to:
 - (1) IC 23-18; and
 - (2) this title.

If a provision of IC 23-18 conflicts with a provision of this title or with any rule of the department, the provision of this title or the rule the department controls.

- (c) Any filing required to be made under IC 23-18 shall be made in the same manner as for a bank that is organizing or is organized in stock form.
 - (d) The department may prescribe any requirements for:
 - (1) the articles of organization; and
 - (2) the operating agreement;

of a financial institution that is organized and operates as a limited liability company.

- (e) The department has the exclusive authority under this title to regulate a financial institution organized as a limited liability company. A financial institution that is a limited liability company is subject to the department's authority in the same manner as a bank that is organized in stock form.
- (f) A financial institution that is a limited liability company is subject to the provisions of this title that apply to banks, except for the provisions concerning corporate governance (IC 28-13), in the same manner as a financial institution that is organized in stock form, subject to the following:
 - (1) In the case of a manager managed limited liability company, "director" means a manager of the limited liability company.
 - (2) In the case of a member managed limited liability company, "director" means a member of the limited liability

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company.

- (g) A financial institution may not:
 - (1) organize as;
 - (2) convert to; or
 - (3) merge with or into;
- a limited liability company without the prior approval of the department under this title.".

Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.

and when so amended that said bill do pass.

(Reference is to HB 1359 as introduced.)

BARDON, Chair

Committee Vote: yeas 8, nays 0.

HOUSE MOTION

Mr. Speaker: I move that House Bill 1359 be amended to read as follows:

Page 78, line 27, delete "If the order is not".

Page 78, delete lines 28 through 31.

(Reference is to HB 1359 as printed January 25, 2008.)

BARDON

HOUSE MOTION

Mr. Speaker: I move that House Bill 1359 be amended to read as follows:

Page 75, line 29, after "card a" insert "uniform".

Page 75, line 29, delete "may not exceed the" and insert "is determined by the department.".

Page 75, delete lines 30 through 32.

(Reference is to HB 1359 as printed January 25, 2008.)

BARDON



EH 1359—LS 7015/DI 101+



SENATE MOTION

Madam President: I move that Senator Simpson be added as cosponsor of Engrossed House Bill 1359.

PAUL

COMMITTEE REPORT

Madam President: The Senate Committee on Insurance and Financial Institutions, to which was referred House Bill No. 1359, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the Senate with the recommendation that said bill be AMENDED as follows:

Page 1, line 1, delete "P.L.218-2007," AND INSERT "HEA 1137-2008, SECTION 9, AND AS AMENDED BY SEA 190-2008, SECTION 17,".

Page 1, line 2, delete "SECTION 1,".

Page 1, line 2, after "IS" insert "CORRECTED AND".

Page 2, line 21, after "required by" insert "or other date provided by".

Page 2, line 31, delete "or" and insert "or".

Page 2, line 32, delete "4-33-4-14." and insert "4-33-4-14, or IC 4-35-4-2.".

Page 3, line 1, delete "12-15-41-15 or IC 12-15-44-19(b)." and insert "12-15-41-15. *or IC* 12-15-44-19(b)."

Page 3, line 3, delete "IC 15-2.1-18-21." and insert "IC 15-2.1-18-21. IC 15-17-10-9.".

Page 3, between lines 33 and 34, begin a new line block indented and insert:

"(31) An emergency rule adopted by the board of the Indiana health informatics corporation under IC 5-31-5-8.".

Page 9, line 35, after "payable" insert "by written agreement".

Page 9, line 35, after "in" insert "more than four (4)".

Page 9, line 35, delete "installments;" and insert "installments (not including a down payment);".

Page 19, line 23, delete "creditor," and insert "creditor".

Page 32, line 11, reset in roman "or".

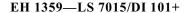
Page 64, line 13, delete "an" and insert "a".

C











Page 82, line 9, block left beginning with "a limited".

and when so amended that said bill do pass.

(Reference is to HB 1359 as reprinted January 29, 2008.)

PAUL, Chairperson

Committee Vote: Yeas 8, Nays 0.

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